The Daily Sentinel.

VOL. III. RALEIGH, N. C., SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 15, 1868. NO. 161.

DAILY SENTINEL.

WM. E. PELL, PROPRIETOR.

ANNUAL REPORT
OF THE
Comptroller of Public Accounts
OF THE STATE OF
NORTH CAROLINA,
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING SEPT. 30, 1867

STATEMENT

Showing the gross tax for the year 1866, derived from the several subjects of taxation in the counties of the State, the returns of which are on file in this Department, including the counties of Iredell and Robeson, the taxes of which were settled prior to October 1st, 1866. The Sheriffs of the counties of Halifax and Orange failed to make settlement within the fiscal year, ending September 30th, 1867.

No. 35—GUILFORD COUNTY.
R. M. STAFFORD, Sheriff.
STATE TAXES.

Land	$ 2,161 48
Town Property	331 72
White Polls,	1,554
Colored Polls	599
Money due or on hand	334 75
Watches	113 98
Harps and Pianos	43
Pleasure Carriages	170 73
Salaries and Fees	104 29
Income	133
Spirituous Liquors bought from Non-Residents	54
Spirituous Liquors bought from Residents	632 50
Brokers	49 22
Studs and Jacks	84
Dirks, Bowie-Knives, Pistols, &c	48
Collateral Descents	16 40
Retailers of Spirituous Liquors	250
Liquor Distillers	286 50
Marriage Licenses	124 45
Mortgages, Deeds in Trust, &c.	45 60
Deeds for Conveyance of Real Estate	11 87
Gross Amount,	$ 7,168 40
COUNTY TAXES.	
All County purposes,	$ 9,698 07

No. 37—HENDERSON COUNTY.
W. D. JUSTICE, Sheriff.
STATE TAXES.

Land	$ 948 98
Town Property	65 70
White Polls	521
Colored Polls	101
Money due or on hand	60 16
Watches	46 55
Harps and Pianos	12
Pleasure Carriages	41 40
Spirituous Liquors bought from Residents	24 87
Toll Gates, Ferries, and Bridges	2 60
Merchandize	27 47
Studs and Jacks	24
Dirks, Bowie-Knives, Pistols, &c	67
Retailers of Spirituous Liquors	250
Liquor Distillers	208 10
Marriage Licenses	85
Mortgages, Deeds in Trust, &c.	6
Deeds for Conveyance of Real Estate	4
Gross amount	$ 2,515 63
COUNTY TAXES.	
All County purposes,	$ 1,862 76

No. 38—HERTFORD COUNTY.
J. B. HAE, Sheriff.
STATE TAXES.

Land,	$ 999 52
Town Property	146 94
White Polls	585
Colored Polls	285
Money due or on hand	91 97
Watches	52 85
Harps and Pianos	31
Pleasure Carriages	91 85
Salaries and fees	10 60
Income	50
Spirituous Liquors bought from Non-Residents	137 25
Spirituous Liquors bought from Residents	3 60
Merchandize	235 57
Ready-Made Clothing	31 83
Patent Medicines	5 94
Hotels, &c.,	3 25
Studs and Jacks	49
Dirks, Bowie-Knives, Pistols, &c	67
Marriage Licenses	28
Deeds for Conveyance of Real Estate	2 85
Gross Amount,	$ 2,631 02
COUNTY TAXES.	
All County purposes,	$ 4,180

No. 39—IREDELL COUNTY.
W. F. WASSON, Sheriff.
STATE TAXES.

Land	$ 1,871 14
Town Property	154 27
White Polls	1,078
Colored Polls	474
Money due or on hand	230
Watches	88 83
Harps and Pianos	32
Pleasure Carriages	29 40
Salaries and Fees,	23 50
Income	67 25
Spirituous Liquors bought from Non-Residents,	30
Spirituous Liquors bought from Residents	20 20
Merchandize	208 56
Ready-made Clothing	31 45
Patent Medicines	5 30
Brokers	30 0
Studs and Jacks	115
Dirks, Bowie-Knives, Pistols, &c	53
Insurance Companies	26 17
Livery Stables	25
Retailers of Spirituous Liquors	100
Liquor Distillers	204 75
Peddlers	80
Marriage Licenses	90 25
Mortgages, Deeds in Trust, &c.	2 85
Deeds for Conveyance of Real Estate	10 45
Gross Amount,	$ 5,220 17
COUNTY TAXES.	
All County purposes,	$ 5,959 90

No. 40—JACKSON COUNTY.
WM. BUNGARNER, Sheriff.
STATE TAXES.

Land,	$ 301 68
Town Property	9 55
White Polls	39
Colored Polls	20
Money due or on hand	5 68
Watches	4 75
Harps and Pianos	2
Pleasure Carriages	3 75
Spirituous Liquors bought from Residents	5 60
Merchandize	16
Studs and Jacks	53
Dirks, Bowie-Knives, Pistols, &c	26
Liquor Distillers	1 18
Privileged Voters	1
Marriage Licenses	22
Gross amount,	$ 1,041 91
COUNTY TAXES.	
All County purposes,	$ 550

No. 41—JOHNSTON COUNTY.
J. L. BAKER, Sheriff.
STATE TAXES.

Land	$ 1,627 42
Town Property	58 42
White Polls	1,123
Colored Polls	763
Money due or on hand	142 25
Watches	54
Harps and Pianos	31
Pleasure Carriages	89 07
Income	11
Spirituous Liquors bought from non-Residents	33 90
Spirituous Liquors bought from Residents	82 70
Merchandize	207 87
Hotels, &c.,	2 50
Studs and Jacks	36
Dirks, Bowie-Knives, Pistols, &c,	95
Theatrical Companies	20
Concerts and Musical Entertainments	10
Retailers of Spirituous Liquors	180
Liquor Distillers	51 [illegible]
Marriage Licenses	97 [illegible] 5
Mortgages, Deeds in Trust, &c.	1 [illegible]
Deeds for Conveyance of Real Estate	5 70
Gross amount	$ 4,536 08
COUNTY TAXES.	
All County purposes	$ 7,852 60

No. 42—JONES COUNTY.
THOMAS WILCOX, Sheriff.
STATE TAXES.

Land	$ 698 61
Town Property	18 35
White Polls	279
Colored Polls	341
Money due or on hand	35 68
Watches	21 65
Harps and Pianos	12
Pleasure Carriages	47 80
Salaries and Fees	10 [illegible]
Spirituous Liquors bought from Non-Residents	49 23
Merchandize,	52 85
Ready-made Clothing	4 71
Patent Medicines	7 68
Studs and Jacks	30
Dirks, Bowie-Knives, Pistols, &c.,	49
Retailers of Spirituous Liquors	33
Liquor Distillers	33 37
Marriage Licences	56 05
Mortgages, Deeds in Trust, &c.,	95
Deeds for Conveyance of Real Estate	3 32
Gross amount	$ 1 708 20
COUNTY TAXES.	
All County purposes	$ 3,118 36

No. 43—LENOIR COUNTY.
WM. FIELDS, Sheriff.
STATE TAXES.

Land	$ 1,305 65
Town Property	124 20
White Polls	629
Colored Polls	545
Money due or on hand	234 65
Watches	99 83
Gold and Silver Plated Ware	20
Harps and Pianos	40
Pleasure Carriages	105 55
Income	52 62
Spirituous Liquors bought from Non-Residents	144 30
Spirituous Liquors bought from Residents	220 80
Merchandize	311 46
Ready-made Clothing	43 08
Patent Medicines,	15 75
Studs and Jacks	20
Dirks, Bowie-Knives, Pistols, &c.,	108
Billiard Tables	150
Ten Pin Alleys	30
Livery Stables	25
Retailers of Spirituous Liquors	300
Liquor Distillers	72 50
Privileged Voters	9
Gross amount	$ 3,870 37
COUNTY TAXES.	
All County purposes	$ 1,821 54

No. 44—LINCOLN COUNTY.
L. H. LAWRENCE, Sheriff.
STATE TAXES.

Land	$ 1,681 32
Town Property	139 73
White Polls	479
Colored Polls	221
Money due or on hand	70 57
Watches	49 46
Harps and Pianos	23
Pleasure Carriages	41 60
Income	21 74
Spirituous Liquors bought from Residents	11 20
Merchandize	123 70
Ready-Made Clothing	18 81
Studs and Jacks	24
Dirks, Bowie-Knives, Pistols, &c	26
Collateral Descents	14 64
Concerts and Musical Entertainments	10
Liquor Distillers	75
Marriage Licences	49
Deeds for Conveyance of Real Estate	2 45
Gross amount	$ 2,475 62
COUNTY TAXES.	
All County purposes	$ 1,987 23

(To be continued.)

NEW YORK ADVERTISEMENTS.

GARRETT, YOUNG, SCOTT & CO.
No. 33 Warren and 29 Murray Sts.,
NEW YORK.
SUCCESSORS TO
ARCHIBALD YOUNG, GARRETT & Co.
OF NEW YORK,
AND
SPENCER SCOTT & CO.,
OF NEWARK, N. J.

Extensive Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in
MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING.

C. W. GARRETT, A. S. SHAFER,
EBEN YOUNG, A. L. SCOTT,
SPENCER SCOTT, F. M. GARRETT,
May 15-1867

DANCY, HYMAN & CO.,
General Commission Merchants,
NO. 24 EXCHANGE PLACE,
New York.
Sept 28—45—tf.

BENJAMIN ROBINSON,
[LATE OF NORTH CAROLINA.]
Attorney and Counsellor at Law,
37 Nassau Street,
NEW YORK.
Associated with ROGER A. PRYOR, Esq., formerly of Virginia, will attend, thoroughly and promptly, to all business committed to his management.
Aug. 24, 1867—15-1y

MISCELLANEOUS.

LARD! LARD!
Family Refined Lard, in 25 lb buckets.
" " " " 10 " tins.
" " " " 100 " kegs.
For sale by
Dec. 17—112tf DOUGLAS BELL.

CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE.
TWO Convenient and desirable HOUSES AND LOTS in the Western Ward of the City, on McDowell Street.
Also, a HOUSE AND LOT, on Fayetteville Street. This is good property. Apply for information at the SENTINEL OFFICE.
Raleigh, Jan 29-142-tf

CHARLOTTE FEMALE INSTITUTE,
CHARLOTTE, N. C.
THE SECOND TERM OF THE CURRENT SESSION will commence on the 15th February and continue until the 30th June next.
For Catalogue, containing terms, &c., Address,
Rev. R. BUEWELL & SON,
Jan 31-1854 Charlotte, N. C.

PETERSBURG ADVERTISEMENTS
THOMAS SMITH,
NO. 25 SYCAMORE STREET,
PETERSBURG, Va.
THE LARGEST STOCK OF
DRY GOODS
IN THE STATE OF VIRGINIA.

IN PRESENTING MY KIND PATRONS WITH a memorandum of stock for Fall Trade, I also take occasion to thank them for their liberal patronage, soliciting at the same time its future continuance, assuring them that no effort will be spared to make it to their interest as well as pleasure to make their purchases of me. The following memorandum, though incomplete, will give a sufficient idea of the general stock:

Ladies' Dress Goods.
Black and colored Silks, in great variety, Irish Poplins, Belgian and French Poplins, French Merinos, Barathea, Poplin Reps, Crapes, Empress Cloth, Ugenia Biarritz, Velentines Delaines, Roman Lustre, single and double width, in all the new shades, Bismarcks, &c., Shepherd and Scotch Plaids.

Embroideries and Laces.
Hamburg Edgings, Hamburg Insertings, Hamburg Flouncing, Needlework Edging, Needlework Inserting, Needlework Flouncings, Nainsook Edgings, Nainsook Insertings, Swiss and Cambric Collars, Swiss and Cambric Collars and Cuffs, Linen Collars and Cuffs, Crape Collars and Cuffs, Bugle Collars and Cuffs, Real Point Collars and Cuffs, Real Point Sets, Real Valentia Collars and Cuffs, Imitation Collars and Cuffs, Chuney Collars and Cuffs, Real Val. Laces, Real Thread Laces, Real Chuney Laces, Real Ginjer and Honiton Laces, Real Brussels Laces, Real Bobbin Laces, Point Lace Handkerchiefs, Valentia Lace Handkerchiefs, Imitation Lace Handkerchiefs.

Sundries.
Cloaks, Shawls, in long and square, for Misses and Ladies, Hoop Skirts, Balmorals, Bugle and Ribbon Trimmings in large assortment; Jet, Silk and Fancy Buttons, Taffeta Ribbons, Narrow Watered Ribbon, for Trimming, Belt Ribbons, Worsted and Alpaca Braids, Mohair Braids, Galoons and Stay Bindings, Corset Splits, Zigzag Braid, Star Braids, Magic Ruffling, Plain and Fancy Hair Nets, &c., China and Agate Buttons, Full lines of Black and Colored Velvet Ribbons.

Mourning Department.
Gro. Grain and Rept Silks French Merino, Bombazine, Tiniese, Canton Cloth, Beretz, Crapes, Barathea, Poplins, Empress Cloth, Ugenias, Velentines, Persian Cloths, Mousseline, Chailies, Alpacca and Mohair all of the very best, Lowpin's celebrated manufacture.

White Goods.
Plain Plaid and Striped Cambric, Plain, Plaid and Striped Jaconet, Plain Plaid and Striped Nainsook, Plain, Plaid and striped Muff Muslin, Plain, Plaid and Striped Swiss Muslin, Plain Plaid and Striped Bishop's Lawn, Soft finish Jaconnets, Soft finish Cambric, Soft finish Long Cloths, Pekay Marsailles, &c., Tarletons, white and colored, Organdies Dotted and Figured Swiss Briliants, Patent skirting.

Ladies' Furnishing Goods.
Undervests, Drawers, Corsets, Lisle Thread Hose, Real English Hose, German Hosiery in great variety, for Misses Children and Ladies; Ladies' Brown Hose, Ladies' Black and Slate Hose Kid Gloves in large assortment white, black and colored, Berlin and Lisle Thread Gloves, in all sizes, Garters, Elastics Hair, Tooth and Nail Brushes, Real Shell Horn and Gutta Percha Combs, Veils in Real Lace Dotted Bordered and Bugle-Trimmed Parasols, Fans, &c.

Domestics.
Bleached and Brown Cotton Sheetings and Shirtings, Bleached and Brown Jeans, Bleached and Brown Canton Flannel, Plaid Striped and Plain Osnaburgs, Tickings, Denimis Hickory, Huckery, Dongrey, Calico in all the popular makes; Ginghams in every variety.

Housekeeping Department.
Flannels, plain and fancy, Blankets, Carpets, Tapestry, Three-Ply, Superfine, Ingrain, in all wool and cotton chain, Venetian, Hemp and Cottage Carpets, Druggets, Rugs and Door Mats, Floor Oil Cloth, Lace, Muslin, Brocatelle and Damask Curtains, Piano and Table Covers, Table Damask, Stair and Table Oil Cloths, Napkins, Doilies, Towels, Huckaback, Crash and Glass Linens, Linen and Cotton Sheetings in all widths, Pillow Linens, Marseilles Counterpanes, Jacquard and Cotton Diapers, Linen Diapers, Bird eye Diapers, Irish Linen, &c.

Gents' Furnishing Goods.
All are respectfully invited to inspect my stock before making their purchases. My conviction is, the true way to success is to secure the interest of your customers by charging the smallest possible profit on goods. This has ever been my motto, and the large business before done encourages me in adhering strictly to it

THOMAS SMITH,
No. 25 Sycamore St., Petersburg, Va.
Oct. 15—59

FRESH SEEDS.
We have just received from the most reliable seed-growers in the country, a large stock of Fresh Garden, Lawn, Field and Meadow Grass Seeds, embracing every variety of

Artichoke	Onion
Asparagus	Okra
Beans	Parsley
Beet	Parsnip
Broccli	Peas
Brussells Sprouts	Pepper
Cabbage	Pumpkin
Carrot	Radish
Cauliflower	Rhubarb
Celery	Salsify
Collards	Squash
Corn Salad	Spinach
Cress or Peppergrass	Tomato
Cucumber	Herbs
Endive	Herds Grass
Egg Plant	Orchard do
Leek	Ky. Blue Grass
Lettuce	Timothy do
Kale	Mixed Lawn and
Melon	Lucerne Grass
Nastirtium	White Clover.

Which we offer at the lowest market rates For Cash.
JORDAN & CABE,
Wholesale and Retail Druggists,
Jan 29-148-tf Petersburg, Va.

MISCELLANEOUS.
FRESH GARDEN SEED.
THE GROWTH OF 1867!
Warranted Fresh and Genuine.
JUST RECEIVED A LARGE SUPPLY OF Fresh Garden Seed of all kinds, the growth of 1867, from the SEED NURSERY OF DAVID LANDRETH & SON, Bloomsdale, near Philadelphia. These seed are warranted *fresh* and *genuine*,—are neatly put in papers, and will be sold at 10 cents each paper or 3 papers for 25 cts.
Apply at N. C. Bookstore,
Feb 4-151 J. H. ENNIS, Bookseller.

FOR 1868!
A NEAT ALMANAC, CONTAINING A FARM and Kitchen Garden Calendar for each month in the year, and other valuable information for gardening will be given to each purchaser.
J. H. ENNIS,
Feb 4-151-tf Bookseller.

For Sale.
THE VIRGINIA BOOT & SHOE POLISH said to be a very superior article.
Jan. 31—131-tf W. H. JONES & CO.

CORN!
ANOTHER lot to-day received, and for sale, by
Jan 28-148-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

NORFOLK ADVERTISEMENTS
FREER, NEAL & Co.,
J. R. NEAL, GEO. H. FREER, JNO. WM. TE.
COTTON FACTORS
AND
General Commission Merchants,
NORFOLK, Va.
Refer to R. H. Smith, Esq., Scotland Neck; Hon. Z. B. Vance, Charlotte; O. G. Parsley & Co. E. Murray & Co., Wilmington; Gen. R. W. Haywood, Raleigh; Gen Wade Hampton, South Carolina; Colonel John W. Cunningham, Person County; Turner Battle, Esq., Edgecombe; Exchange National Bank of Norfolk; George H. Brown & Co., Washington.
Oct. 9—54

ESTABLISHED 1851.
KADER RIGGS. JOS. J. BIGGS.
KADER BIGGS & CO.,
COTTON FACTORS
AND
General Commission Merchants,
NORFOLK, Va.
SPECIAL AND ENTIRE ATTENTION to sales of Cotton and all other kinds of produce and prompt returns made.
Our long experience in business gives us superior advantages in making sales at the highest market prices.
Cotton forwarded to Liverpool free of commission.
Liberal advances made on produce in hand.
TRAVELLING AGENTS: Major Jas M. Mayo, of Edgecombe, and Mr. Jas. B. Hancock, of Wilson, who will be pleased to furnish any information or facility to those shipping to us.
Revenue Taxes on Cotton can be paid here in all cases when preferred by shippers, according to recent regulations.
Norfolk, Va., Nov. 4—

BOOK STORES.
ALFRED WILLIAMS, C. W. LAMBETH.
WILLIAMS & LAMBETH,
No. 40 Fayetteville St., Raleigh, N. C.
Book Sellers and Stationers,
DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF
SCHOOL BOOKS,
STANDARD AND MISCELLANEOUS WORKS,
MASONIC BOOKS, JEWELS, REGALIA;
BOOKS ON STOCK AND AGRICULTURE; STATIONERY; PRINTING AND WRAPPING PAPER; PRINTERS SUPPLIES;
SCHOOL AND OFFICE REQUISITES;
ALBUMS;
PERFUMERY,
FANCY ARTICLES, &c.
We are now receiving new supplies, and will be constantly making such additions to our Stock as will enable us to furnish every article usually kept in a first class Book Store.
Our facilities are such as to enable us to furnish in a very few days, any article not on hand, and all orders will have our prompt attention.
Our business will be conducted on the cash system and every article sold at the very lowest prices.
WILLIAMS & LAMBETH.
Raleigh, April 9-107-tf

Turner's N. C. Almanac for 1868.
WE SHALL PUBLISH, in a few days, the SECOND EDITION of the above Almanac.
We have reduced the price to $5 per hundred, or $50 per thousand.
Send your orders to
WILLIAMS & LAMBETH,
Booksellers and Stationers.
Raleigh, Oct. 24—67-tf

Magazines and Illustrated Newspapers.
RECEIVED WEEKLY, and for sale at the lowest prices, the popular Magazines and illustrated newspapers of the day
JAS. H. ENNIS,
Nov. 15—80-tf Bookseller.

CONGRESS TIE ENVELOPES.
For sale by
J. H. ENNIS,
Oct. 17—61-tf N. C. Book Store.

MISCELLANEOUS.
NOTICE.
SEWING MACHINES!
SINGER'S NEW FAMILY
MACHINES!
CAN BE HAD AT
MANUFACTURERS' PRICES
By Calling upon the Agency in Raleigh,
OVER THE MESSRS. TUCKER & CO'S STORE.
THE superior merits of the "Singer" Machines over all others, for either *family use or manufacturing purposes*, are so well established, and so generally admitted, that an examination of their relative excellences is no longer considered necessary.
The machine in question is simple compact, durable and beautiful. It is quiet, light-running and capable of performing a range and variety of work never before attempted upon a single machine,—using either silk, twist, linen or cotton thread, and sewing with equal facility the VERY FINEST and coarsest materials, and anything between the two extremes, in the most beautiful and substantial manner.
W. H. CROW & SONS,
Jan 27-143-1m Agents.

JOHN W. HINSDALE,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
No. 2, Hay Street, Fayetteville, N. C.
PRACTICES in the State and Federal Courts and in the Court of Bankruptcy for the 3d Congressional District.
Prompt attention given to all business intrusted to his care. Claims collected anywhere in North Carolina.
July 22-204-tf

20 BOXES FACTORY CHEESE, EXPECted daily At
Feb 3-150-tf TONNOFFSKI'S.

DRY HIDES.
WANTED A LARGE QUANTITY OF DRY Hides.
Feb 5-152-tf W. H. JONES & CO.

200 BUSHELS OATS.
100 Bushels Oats.
200 Bushels Irish Potatoes.
40 Sacks N. C. Flour.
25 Barrels Northern Flour.
1000 lbs Bacon
For sale by
Feb 5-153-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

PHŒNIX MUTUAL
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.
EDSON FESSENDEN, President. JAMES F. BURNS, Secretary.

IN PRESENTING THE CLAIMS OF THE PHŒNIX MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, to the people of North Carolina, the Agent invites their attention to the following statements:—
1. It is a Mutual Company, the profits being divided among the insured.
2. Its insured are allowed to travel and reside in any part of the United States and Europe, at all seasons of the year.
3. Its dividends have averaged 50 per cent yearly, and are payable on the amount of premium paid by the insured.
4. Its policies are all NON-FORFEITING.
5. Its losses have been met by the annual interest received alone, and a surplus of interest left over to swell the general fund belonging to the insured.
6. It has paid over $500,000 of losses, and NEVER CONTESTED A CLAIM.
7. Its rates of assurance are as cheap as any Company doing a SAFE business.
8. IT WILL NOT INSURE AN UNSOUND LIFE.
9. One half the premium will be received in the note of the insured—which note, in case of death, is NEVER deducted from the face of the policy.
10. IT HAS NO CONNECTION WITH FIRE INSURANCE.

Relative character of the Companies operating in North Carolina, as to their Assets and Liabilities, taken from the New York Insurance Report for the year 1867, which is the last report—showing how much of Assets each Company has to meet each dollar of Liability:

PHŒNIX MUTUAL	$1 74
ÆTNA	1 31
BROOKLYN	1 12
CONNECTICUT MUTUAL	1 65
EQUITABLE	1 34
MANHATTAN	1 42

The PHŒNIX MUTUAL offers peculiar inducements to citizens of the Southern States—its regulations with regard to residence and travel being almost unrestricted.
These statements are made from impartial reports in the hands of the Agents of the Company.
Principal Office, HARTFORD, CONN.
For further information, apply to the Travelling Agents, or to
WILLIAM H. BAGLEY,
General Agent for North Carolina,
Jan. 1—124-3m Raleigh, N. C.

BROOKLYN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

ABSOLUTELY NO RESTRICTION UPON TRAVEL OR RESIDENCE!
ALL POLICIES POSITIVELY NON-FORFEITABLE.
Part of the premium loaned, and *no loan or premium note is a lien or claim* on the policy in case of death after the second year.
THIS COMPANY OFFERS PECULIAR ADVANTAGES TO THE SOUTHERN PEOPLE. IT IS the most
LIBERAL COMPANY IN THE UNITED STATES.
Its rates being lower than those of other Companies.
Office, No. 141 Broadway, New York City.
WM. M. COLE, Secretary. CHRISTIAN W. BOUCK, Pres.
Information gladly furnished in detail, by
A. W. LAWRENCE,
General Agent for the State of North Carolina.
Raleigh, N. C., Dec. 23—116-3m

DRY GOODS.
NEW ARRIVALS.
Goods as LOW as they can be found in this latitude,
AT
S. H. & W. J. YOUNG'S,
No. 21 Fayetteville St.,
RALEIGH, N. C.
The Senior of this firm has been selling Goods for the last twenty years, in this market and can say to our friends that, considering all things, he never had a
BETTER, NICER OR CHEAPER
STOCK OF GOODS
To offer them than they are now opening at their Store, No. 21 Fayetteville street, Raleigh, N. C.
S. H. & W. J. YOUNG.
October 4, 1867—tf.

MISCELLANEOUS.
JOHN T. DEWEESE,
Attorney at Law and Register in Bankruptcy,
WILL PRACTICE IN ALL THE COURTS except the Bankrupt Court.
Office in the *Standard* building
Raleigh, Dec. 20—115-3m

THE MOST IMPORTANT
Agricultural Improvement of the Age!
THE WILLIAMS UTILITY PLOW,
PATENTED AUGUST 1867.
AS A CULTIVATOR OF ALL YOUNG CROPS it is unsurpassed, unequalled. By its use, Hoeing is dispensed with. It possesses all the advantages of FOUR different styles of Plows, at a saving of more than one half the cost.
State and county rights of this Plow may be obtained of
W. B. WILLIAMS.
Raleigh, Jan 29-148-1m

MISCELLANEOUS.
R. G. LEWIS,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
RALEIGH, N. C.
PRACTICES in Federal Courts, all the State Courts and Courts of Bankruptcy.
Is prepared to collect claims in any portion of this State.
Refers to the Bank Officers, and principal business men of this State.
Jan. 10—135-3m

DANIEL G. FOWLE. RICHARD C. BADGER.
FOWLE & BADGER,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
RALEIGH, N. C.
Will practice in the Supreme Court of North Carolina, the United States Circuit Court, the Superior Courts of Wake, Johnston, and Chatham Counties, and in the Courts of Bankruptcy.
Dec. 12—113-3m.

CHEAP AND PERMANENT FERTILIZERS!
WE ARE PREPARED TO FILL CASH ORders for any quantity of
SHELL LIME
At $7,50 per Ton of 2,000 lbs.,
Fresh Ground Plaster, at $14.00 per Ton of 2,000 lbs.
No Extra Charge made for bags or Drayage.
J. H. HUNTER & CO.,
Jan. 17-136-1m General Commission Merchants,
Register copy. Portsmouth, Va.

CHARLESTON HOTEL,
CHARLESTON, S. C.
THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING TAKEN charge of the above well known Hotel, respectfully informs his friends and the travelling public that it has been REFURNISHED IN ALL OF ITS DEPARTMENTS. The table will at all times be supplied with the THE BEST THE MARKET AFFORDS, including every delicacy in season, and the cuisine will be unexceptionable. The bath Rooms attached to the Hotel are supplied with the celebrated Artesian Water, and HOT, COLD OR SHOWER BATHS can be obtained at all time. The same attention will be paid to the comfort of the guests as heretofore, and travellers on returning finding the Charleston Hotel open ready to the United States. The patronage of the travelling public is respectfully solicited.
J. P. HORBACH, Agent,
Jan 14 123 3m Proprietor.

SPECTACLES!
SPECTACLES!!
SPECTACLES!!!
At ROSS', two doors above Market, to suit all ages.
New glasses fitted to old frames.
Save money by carrying your WATCHES, CLOCKS and JEWELRY to ROSS, to be repaired.
Dec. 30—114-tf

RAILROADS.
TO SHIPPERS.
NORTH CAROLINA
ALL STATE
RAILWAY LINES, (THAT USED TO BE!)
THE OLD RALEIGH & GASTON RAIL ROAD,
THE SHORTEST, QUICKEST, SAFEST AND BEST LINE, NORTH AND SOUTH, TO BE LEFT OUT IN THE COLD, UNLESS SHIPPERS SPECIALLY
SAY VIA. R. & G. R. R.!
WE inaugurated and are the *Great through Inland Air Line Route* to all the Northern Markets, and have successfully worked the Line to the entire satisfaction of Shippers, North and South, for the last ten years, as the ten Thousand Shippers in North and South Carolina will testify. We paid the State near Seven Hundred Thousand Dollars for her Interest in this Road—thereby saving the people from Taxation for all time to come $40,000 per year; and we unhesitatingly declare that we can and will give more dispatch to all points, North and South, than any other Line.

NOTICE!!
The Great Inland Air Line Freight
ROUTE,
Via THE RALEIGH & GASTON RAIL ROAD,
is the Short Line for Shippers, and you are required so to direct your Freights, or they will be taken by another Route!
To Insure your Freight being carried over this *Great* Inland Air Line safely, direct your consignors to mark your Freight, Care of Rail Road Agent, Portsmouth, Va., or City Point, Va., via *Raleigh & Gaston Rail Road*, and to ship as follows:
FROM BOSTON:
Merchants' & Miner's Line, end of Central Wharf, E. Sampson, Agent.
FROM NEW YORK:
Old Dominion Steamship Co., Shipping Point, Pier 37, North River, Foot Beach St., Office 187, Greenwich St. Cor. Dey: N. L. McCready, President.
FROM PHILADELPHIA:
(13a Annamessic,) Phila., Wilmington and Baltimore Depot, or Clyde's Line of Steamers, 14 N. Delaware Avenue, W. P. Clyde, Agent.
FROM BALTIMORE:
Baltimore Steam Packet Co., Bay Line Steamers, Foot Union Dock, L. B. Parks, Agent, or Powhatan Steam Boat Co., 80 Light Street Wharf.
C. B. ALLEN,
Aug 6-105-tf Freight Ag't Raleigh N. C.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.
RALEIGH & GASTON RAILROAD CO.,
SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE,
Raleigh, N. C., Oct. 24th, 1867.
On and after October 25th, 1867, Trains will run on the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad as follows:

Mail Train leaves Raleigh	10 10 A. M.
Arrives at Weldon	3,17 P. M.
Mail Train leaves Weldon	10,35 A. M.
Arrives at Raleigh	3 50 P. M.
Freight Train leaves Raleigh	7,00 A. M.
" " arrives at Raleigh	5,00 P. M.

The Mail Trains make THROUGH connections with all points North.
A. B. ANDREWS,
Oct. 15—59-tf Supt. of Trans.
Register and Standard copy tf.

HARDWARE &C.
BRIGGS & DODD,
DEALERS IN
HARDWARE AND CUTLERY,
IRON, STEEL,
HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,
CARRIAGE MATERIAL,
PAINTS, VARNISHES,
COLORS, OILS,
GLUE AND GLASS.
ALSO
Agents for the sale of
Burr and Esopus Mill Stones,
Bolting Cloth,
India Rubber and Leather Belting,
Circular Saws, Iron Verandahs,
Fences, and all kinds of Ornamental Iron Work.
Two doors below Southern Express Office.
Nov. 7—79-tf

OILS, LEAD, &c., &c.
NOW IN STORE A FINE STOCK OF LINseed, Cotton-Seed, Kerosene, Lubricating and Train Oils, of the best quality.
ALSO WHITE LEAD,
Colors of all kinds and Varnishes.
A general assortment of HARDWARE.
BRIGGS & DODD.
Jan 22-139-tf

TRADE FOR 1868.
No. 44 Fayetteville Street.
WE HAVE, ON HAND, A COMMANDING stock of
HARDWARE AND CUTLERY,
CROCKERY AND GLASS WARE,
TIN WARE, LAMPS,
CHIMNEYS AND WICKS,
BEST KEROSENE OIL,
SPIRITS TURPENTINE,
Which will be sold low for cash.
Just to hand,—Sun and Comet Burners at Chimneys.
J. BROWN
Raleigh, Jan. 6—tf With Hart & Lewis.

PUMPS! PUMPS!! PUMPS!!!
JUST RECEIVED A GOOD ASSORTMENT of Downs & Co's. celebrated
Deep-Well, Cistern, Force and Lift
PUMPS,
Which we offer on reasonable terms.
BRIGGS & DODD.
Jan 22-139-tf

GARDEN TOOLS!
At 44 Fayetteville Street.

Garden Rakes;	Potatoe Dirs,
Garden Hoes,	Grubbing Hoes,
Garden Trowels;	Spades & Shovels,
Hedge Shears;	Stable Forks.

J. BROWN,
Jan 30-149-tf With HART & LEWIS.

GWYNN, COTTEN & CO.,
COTTON FACTORS,
AND
General Commission Merchants,
105 West Lombard Street,
BALTIMORE.
Liberal advances made on Consignments
Orders for GENERAL MERCHANDISE solicited.
Refer to Gen. Walter Gwynn, and Hon. Thos. Ruffin, N. C.
Sept. 30—45-sod3mdwhw

ALE! ALE!!—10 KEGS "COCKADE CITY" received this morning. A supply always on hand.
W. H. JONES & CO.
Jan 28-148-tf

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

The SENTINEL is published every day, except Sunday, on the following terms:

Three months	$ 2
Six months	4
One year	8
Semi-Weekly Sentinel one year	4
" " six months	2
Weekly Sentinel, one year	2
" " six months	1

THE SENTINEL.

WM. E. PELL, | SEATON GALES, EDITORS.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 15, 1868

EXCITING DEBATE.

The proceedings of the Convention, on Saturday, were spiced by a very lively debate, upon the fundamental principle of the Declaration of Independence, viz: "That all men are created equal." In a body composed of one hundred and seven Radical Republicans, and but thirteen "Conservatives," one would suppose that such a discussion could not last long; but strange to say, two or three of those, who have been regarded as extreme Radicals, took issue with the self evident truth, laid down by Mr. Jefferson, and adopted by our forefathers of 1776. It is to be regretted that no full report of the debate appears in the Daily Press of the city. The *Sentinel's* account is very meagre; while the *standard*, for some reason, suppresses the debate altogether—or possibly reserves it for revision. We learn, however, that Col. E. W. Jones, of Plymouth, denounced the doctrine of human equality, as a monstrous absurdity, and its author, Mr. Jefferson, as an infidel. This was precisely the position taken by the *Sentinel* last summer, to which we replied at length. We think we made it too plain for any reasonable man to entertain a doubt, that the language of the Declaration, that "all men are created equal," refers merely to an equality of rights, and not to an equality of conditions; and in reply to the charge that the proposition is infidel in character, we produced numerous passages from the Old and New Testaments in support of it, and challenged the *Sentinel* to produce any passage from the blessed book, implying the contrary. There was no response; and the presumption is, that a plausible one could not be made.—*Register*.

The above extract from the *Register* of this city demands a few words of notice.—The *Register* is surprised that Col. Jones, of Washington, and others in the Convention, "should take issue with the self evident truth laid down by Mr. Jefferson and adopted by our forefathers in 1776." Our surprise would be greater, if there were such men in that Convention, Radical as they profess to be, who do not reject, upon conscious conviction, the dogma built upon Mr. Jefferson's statement, by the Radical party, and by the *Register*, moderate as it claims to be, as a "self-evident" falsehood. And we are glad that Col. Jones had the independence to denounce the dogma as an absurdity and infidel.

We have heretofore expressed our views fully upon this point. If Mr. Jefferson, and the signers of the Declaration of Independence, intended, by the expression so often quoted, and which has been made a chief plank in the Radical platform, to assert the natural and inherent equality of the rights of all human beings or of the male sex, then they asserted either what they did not believe, or were guilty of the basest hypocrisy and lived in its indulgence until they died. Those of them who were slaveholders, (and Mr. Jefferson and others of them were,) could not have used the expression in the sense now assumed by the Radical party, or their lives and conduct would have put the lie upon their professions to the hour of death. There was no legal or moral compulsion which obliged them to hold in slavery men who, according to the Radical theory, they held all their lives were justly entitled to the same rights of equality which they themselves enjoyed. And the plain inference must be, that if they were Republicans or Radicals in sentiment and conviction, as modern Radicals profess they were, they would have returned home immediately after signing that instrument, and freed their slaves; otherwise, we must conclude they were hypocrites and bad men.

We have shown that the statement, "that all men are created equal," or that *all men* "are endowed by their Creator with certain unalienable rights," &c., are not self evident truths. They are *statements*, about which intelligent minds have always differed, and always will differ. A self evident truth does not admit of proof or controversy, but is assented to by all intelligent minds, as soon as the truth or fact is stated. We know it to be true, from our consciousness, or our reason at once assents to it, and we are not convinced of its truth by any external evidence or proof. But that "all men are created equal," or that "all men are endowed by their Creator with certain unalienable rights," &c., is true in one sense, but is not self evident. The mind of no man perceives, independently of the positive teaching of the Bible, that he was *created* at all, much less that all other men were created equal with himself and with "certain unalienable rights." These are matters of instruction and teaching, if true, and therefore could not be "self evident."

In view of the extraordinary character of the occasion, and the necessity for impressing upon American freemen, as British subjects, their equal dignity and claims to the rights of freemen, with those who lived under the home government, much latitude of expression and force of diction may be allowed to Mr. Jefferson in this instance, in which we simply understand him to proclaim the *equality of rights of all freemen*, and not of all mankind. Literally and theologically, it is true, that all men were created equal, *seminally*, in Adam. But what benefits accrue to all men, equally, on this account, unless it can be shown, as it cannot be, that all men are unfallen—are just what they were when God created them—or that all men are *born* equal? Our point is, that to predicate the dogma that all men possess, in the present state, naturally and inherently, equality of rights, upon the ground that they were all created equal, is infidel, because it rejects the teachings of the Bible, that man is a fallen being and placed in different relations both to God and to each other, from what they must have been, had man preserved his original innocence and purity. Had he so maintained his innocence, through all generations, then, and only then, could all men have predicated their equality of rights upon the fact of the equality of their creation and the preservation of their virtue. But man sinned—fell from his high estate, forfeited his rights, and, in order to his recovery, is not only under law to God, the only law and Lawgiver he ever would have known, had he not sinned, but under a law to society and to the State or government to which he is subject, and hence is admitted to those rights which God and society determine he is entitled to, and which his capacity and virtue enable him to exercise, without detriment to himself or to society and the State.

The equality of the rights of all freemen as to what are called natural rights—the right to the protection of life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness,—though not a self-evident truth, is a truth, nevertheless, and is conceded by every free government as a matter of right. All of these rights we most cheerfully concede to the colored race, as freedmen, as a just and proper claim from society and from the State, but not because as a man he was created equal. No man, white or black, of Adam's race, is entitled to any thing, because he was created equal. All his natural rights, so called, must be predicated upon his freedom, but those rights termed social and political can only be properly claimed for any man, because society and the State agree that his capacity and his virtue entitle him to them.

The *Register* concluded, it seems, that because we did not reply to its array of proofs from Scripture, some time ago, that therefore we conceded their relevancy and force. It labors under a great mistake. The Scripture proofs, brought forward by the *Register* to sustain its positions, convinced us that the task of attempting to convince the *Register* of its error, after that array, would be fruitless. Every one of them was totally irrelevant to the question at issue. If its proof texts had had the yellow fever, our neighbor was so far from them, that he would not have caught it. They simply proved, what no one had denied, that God is equal in his ways, or that he is a just Being—that he gives to all what is *equal* and right. St. Paul charged Christian masters to give unto their slaves what was *equal* and due. This we always inculcate. But does that mean that white people should admit negroes to equality with them in all things? It simply means that white slaves they had a right to justice and what was due them, and that, now that they are free, they are still entitled to what is just and right. The man who searches the Bible to prove the equality of rights for all men, or that God teaches the equality of rights of the several varieties of the human race, goes on a fool's errand. As we read it, there is not a pin's point in that Book, upon which Radicalism can stand.

YESTERDAY.

Nothing was done (the old story) in the great so-called, on yesterday. It was grand display day, for the complimentary benefit of Col. Heaton, of Ohio, who, it is understood, aspires to be United States Senator from North Carolina.

Accordingly, as soon as the drum tapped, the Colonel aforesaid leaped, full-panoplied, into the gladiatorial arena, and proceeded to let off some rhetorical fire-works of quite a gorgeous character. In point of fact, some of the Colonel's sentiments were clothed in tolerably respectable garniture, and were not altogether objectionable, in the main, in themselves. His panegyric on the Constitution would have come with a far better grace from one, however, who does not sustain and uphold the Congressional scheme of reconstruction, which Thaddeus Stevens *admits* to be extra-constitutional, and which Col. H himself is, perhaps, too intelligent not to know is intensely violative of that instrument, which he has sworn to support.

The Colonel also avowed himself, in vehement and emphatic terms, as opposed to a repudiation of the old debts of the State. Herein he is again inconsistent. *If* the theory upon which Congressional reconstruction is based is valid,—*if* North Carolina is, as Congress holds, in its action, but a conquered province,—*if* the Constitution, which Col. H. is assisting to cobble up, is not *bogus*—then Tourgee's position is correct, that the *new* State of North Carolina, to be formed out of the present territorial chrysalis, is not responsible for the obligations of the defunct State.

We advocate no such monstrous doctrine. We contend that the whole Congressional system is spurious and unconstitutional, and we hope to live to see the day when it will be so declared and all of its iniquity reversed. Meanwhile, we trust that our good *old* State of North Carolina will not loose her hold on the anchor of honest and plighted faith.

THE "SO CALLED" has thanked Bt. Brig. Gen. and Col. Miles—and Bt. Brig. Gen. and Col. Miles has also thanked the "so-called." Let all the world rejoice thereat, greatly!—though they may innocently wonder "What for?"

—A meeting of the Conservatives of Warren, to ratify the action of the late Convention, and to perfect the County organization, will be held on Monday. The call is signed by Hon. Weldon N. Edwards, Col. W. J. Green and B. M. Collins, Esq.

—The Wilmington *Post* (Plymouth Rock Ashley's paper) damns Col. W. R. Bostman with its adulation.

A negro member of the Virginia Reconstruction Convention, named Rodges, favors the abolition of the Freedmen's Bureau. He "does not want the negroes to stand around the Freedmen's Bureau squalling like hogs for a few grains of corn, but go to work like men and make their living."

An English journal, in criticising a child's book more mournful than merry, says, that "to read it to any child who does not deserve a whipping would be an act of cruelty."

The "Constitutional Convention," (So-called.)

FRIDAY, Feb. 14, 1868.

The Convention was called to order at 10 o'clock.

Prayer by the Rev. Mr. May, of the Convention.

A communication from the Freedmen's Bureau "Head Centre" was received, in reply to a resolution of thanks tendered to him by this body, for the efficient manner, &c., &c.

Also a General Order from District Headquarters, enforcing the tax ordinance of the Convention.

Mr. Jones, of Washington, presented a petition for divorce from Charles Overton. Referred.

Mr. McDonald, of Chatham, an ordinance relieving the fine of $1,000 imposed upon H. B. Guthrie, for failure to collect the taxes in Orange. Referred.

Mr. Abbott, an ordinance designating the Raleigh National Bank as the depository for the State Funds. Referred.

Mr. Congleton, a resolution abolishing the State Senate. Referred.

Mr. McDonald, of Chatham, an ordinance making all contracts and debts, made prior to May 1865, null and void. Referred.

Mr. Rose, a resolution affecting debts and contracts made prior to May, 1865. Referred.

CALENDAR.

Mr. Welker called up his ordinance, prohibiting the distillation of grain, and moved that the ordinance be so amended, as to provide that it go into effect immediately after passage. Adopted.

Mr. McCubbins moved to strike out "June" and insert "January 1st., 1869," in the 3d line.

Mr. McDonald, of Chatham, moved the indefinite postponement of the subject.

This motion created a good deal of discussion. Some thought such a prohibition would injure the chances of the Constitution before the people. Others thought differently, and, pending the discussion, the Chair announced the

SPECIAL ORDER,

viz: The report of the Committee on Preamble and Bill of Rights.

The question being upon the 2nd section, Mr. Heaton moved its adoption. Carried.

Section 3d was adopted, without debate.

Mr. Heaton asked the Secretary to read sections 4 and 5 in conjunction, as he wished to make some remarks upon the doctrines contained in them.

The sections were read, when

Mr. H. said that the important and vital questions involved should receive a most careful consideration at the hands of this Convention. They involve the greatest issues that have ever agitated the minds of the American people. Let us in the Constitution which we are now about to frame, settle forever, so far as the people of this State are concerned, that the odious doctrine of State sovereignty was incompatible with the true meaning and intent of the Constitution framed by the fathers of the country, ratified by the voice of the people and venerated and beloved on account of the principles of liberty which it inculcates. Let us now proclaim the indisputable fact that the Constitution of the United States is the paramount law of the land, and, next to our God, we should recognize it as the true head to which our allegiance is due. The framers of our Constitution never contemplated, for an instant, that the standard of State Sovereignty, which is in fact the essence of secession, would be set up. We owe a debt of gratitude to such good and glorious men as Webster, Clay and Jackson, who, in their day and generation, labored to impress upon the minds of the American people, that a reverence for the Constitution, and an immutable love for the Union, were the safe guards of liberty and prosperity. It was on account of such teachings, that the general Government was enabled to put down the most gigantic rebellion that ever raised its bloody head.

Mr. H. alluded to the debate in Congress between Mr. Hayne and Mr. Webster, in regard to that doctrine, and he (Mr. H.) only reiterated the opinion of the whole country at that time, when he said, that Mr. Webster had conclusively shown the fallacy of that doctrine. Mr. Calhoun, the great political luminary of the South, in reference to that debate, intimated that had he stood in Mr. Hayne's place, the case would have been different, but, some time afterwards, Mr. Webster and himself came in conflict upon the question, and the whole country universally accorded to Mr. Webster the victory. Mr. H. reverted to the election of Abraham Lincoln—his speech at his inauguration, wherein he pourtrayed the dreadful effects of commencing a civil war to dissolve this Union.

Mr. H. also quoted some extracts from the speech of the Hon. A. H. Stephens, to the Secession Convention, of Georgia, warning them to pause before taking such a fatal step. Mr. H. said that he had no wish to assail the memories of men, who had been whirled into this rebellion; the young men's minds of the section had been thoroughly impregnated with this doctrine of secession, by teachings handed down from the political schools of Calhoun and Yancey. They had fought bravely and manfully, but, thank God, the government had enough disciples of the Clay, Webster and Jackson school to rush to its rescue and strike down the rebellious head and restore the government of our fathers.

In regard to the 6th. section, which declares against repudiation, Mr. H. said he would oppose every attempt at such a thing as repudiation. He would never support any measure that tended to violate any honest obligation, in debt, contracted before the war or since. The State should now take a high and honorable stand, and declare to the world, that, come weal or woe, we will never violate our plighted faith and tarnish our honor, by repudiating legal and honest debts. The moment we strike at the public and private faith, then our condition becomes truly deplorable, &c.

This touched roughly upon Mr. Tourgee's ideas of the *new* and the *old* State, and "up arose he" and said, that if we recognized the principle that the new State, which goes in to existence, when the Constitution that we are framing is ratified by the people and approved by Congress, is responsible for all the obligations of the old State, we at once admit the fact that Congress is a usurper and that we are an unconstitutional body. This is only a conquered province. The Congress had treated it as other countries do provinces that they have conquered. A new government had been given. Military Commanders had been placed over the various Districts. At the end of the war, the State lost every particle of its existence as a State, and degenerated into a conquered province, and, therefore, the new State is not liable for a cent of the debt of the defunct State.

The *new* State, which we are creating, has no faith pledged, no debt, and cannot assume that of a State that has ceased to exist. We can have only such debts, such obligations, as we may in future contract. Half of the citizens of this new State were strangers to the old, and yet we are asked to shoulder the debt of a defunct State. It was simply encouraging treason. Northern Copperheads loaned money to Southern traitors to carry on the war, because they saw a chance to make grand speculations. Wall Street could have checked the rebellion—not in 30 days—not in 90 days—not in 6 months,—but in twenty minutes; but no,—they saw a chance to buy bonds of this section of the country far below their par value, and, looking forward to the time when Uncle Sam would, in his might and strength, put down the rebellion, they would come to this impoverished country and say fork over the principal and accrued interest.

Mr. T. continued in the same strain for some time—in sum and substance advocating the utter repudiation of all debts contracted before, during and after the war.

Harris, (negro,) of Wake, was exceedingly wrathful (!!) by the remarks of Mr. Tourgee. It was a conglomeration of empty sounds. He (Harris, negro,) was opposed to anything tending to repudiating honest debts.

Mr. Abbott said that the record made by Mr. Tourgee, to-day, *was infamous*, and if he were a native citizen of the State, as he was by adoption, he would blush to hear such a doctrine enunciated in the Capitol of the State. It was the same line of argument *that a rascal would use in reference to his private debts*. Mr. A. spoke in opposition to the policy advanced by Mr. Tourgee, at some length.

Mr. Redman thought Mr. Tourgee's argument, that none but a fool would emigrate here, if the people were to be taxed to pay the debt of the old State, *was best set aside by the gentleman's presence amongst us*. He was sure Mr. Tourgee was no fool. Mr. R. also participated in the debate, and entered into a lengthy and able argument concerning the political existence of the States.

Mr. Nicholson felt sorry for Mr. Tourgee. Everybody had a fling at him. He thought the gentleman hardly dealt with, but he could not sit quietly and hear propositions made to tarnish the honor of the State.

Mr. Pool was also opposed to repudiation, in any shape or form, as regards the honorable debts of the State, and said, in his remarks, that it was strange that he had not heard a proposition from certain gentlemen on this floor to change the name of the State. It was anti-republican; it was named after an English Queen.

Here Mr. French, of Bladen, moved to adjourn, but withdrew it, in order to allow Mr. Tourgee to make an explanation.

Mr. T. was interrupted by Galloway, (negro,) who insisted that Mr. T. was going over the same ground that he had gone over in his speech, and was not merely making a personal explanation.

Mr. T. resumed, when

Harris, of Wake, (negro,) arose to a point of order, in stating that the gentleman was making a speech. He (Harris, negro,) said that Mr. T. was forever for tearing down everything, and building up nothing.

Mr. Tourgee, however, finished his remarks.

The Chair announced the following as the Committee to memorialize Congress for a reduction of the tax on tobacco, viz: Messrs. Petree, Read and McCubbins;

And the following as the Committee on the resolution of Harris, (negro,) in regard to the seat of Mr. Durham, viz: Harris, of Wake, (negro,) Messrs. Gahagan and Pool.

The motion to adjourn was renewed, and carried, and the House adjourned until 7½ o'clock this evening.

ENTHUSIASTIC MEETING IN CHATHAM—THE PEOPLE AROUSED AND MOVING.

In pursuance of previous notice, a very large number of the Conservative white men of Chatham County assembled at Pittsboro, on the 11th. inst., for the purpose of organizing and preparing for the coming campaign.

On motion, Samuel Perry, Esq., was appointed Chairman, and E. A. Stranghan, Esq., requested to act as Secretary.

After a few brief and pertinent remarks by the Chairman, explaining the objects of the meeting, loud calls were made for H. A. London, jr., Esq., who, in behalf of the delegation in attendance at the late Convention in Raleigh, read the plan of Organization and Resolutions as adopted by that Convention, and, in a few eloquent and appropriate remarks, forcibly set forth the momentous question at issue.

Other able and stirring addresses were made by Messrs. John A. Moore, J. J. Jackson and M. Q. Waddell, when the Resolutions were *unanimously adopted*.

The following named gentlemen were then elected as Committees of three in each Captain's District, to register the names of all white men who are not *ashamed* of their color:

Pittsboro.—Col. W. P. Taylor, Capt. N. A. Ramsey and George W. Thompson.

Haywood.—J. W. Scott, W. S. Gunter and J. A. Parham.

Lassiter's.—T. W. Womble, Dr. Foushee, and Nathan Clark.

Grove.—Alvis Bynum, A. J. Riggsbee and H. C. Horton.

Baldwin's.—O. P. Hamlet, J. J. Baldwin and Oliver Lamb.

Hadley's.—Robt. Love, S. R. Perry and Joshua Johnson.

Blizard's.—W. G. Albright, T. L. Teague and Dr. Edwards.

Stout's.—J. M. Stout, W. H. Vestal and Dr. Albright.

Orr's.—Dr. Brooks, W. S. Webster and R. H. Paschall.

Rock Spring.—Col. Lane, Wm. Brewer and James Scott.

Bear Creek.—A. B. Bright, N. Philips and R. D. Tally.

Cedar Grove.—R. N. Green, John A. Pugh and Henry Fike.

Barnes' Old Field.—W. J. Sloan, Calvin Vestal and R. N. Bowie.

Buckhorn.—Richard Mark, J. H. Minnis and Dr. Hadley.

New Hope.—Lemuel Ellis, R. C. Bouncil and Thomas Eubanks.

Silk Hope.—Andrew Headen, Isaac Clegg and W. B. Dorsett.

There being no further business to transact, on motion, the meeting adjourned.

SAMUEL PERRY, Ch'n.

E. H. STRATGHAN, *Secretary*.

AN ORDINANCE IN FAVOR OF SHERIFFS.

"SECTION 1. *Be it ordained by the people of North Carolina in Convention assembled, and it is hereby ordained by the authority of the same*, That the Sheriffs of this State shall be allowed one year, from and after the first day of January, 1868, to collect the unpaid taxes for the years 1866-'67. This ordinance shall be in force from and after its passage, and that a copy of the same be printed and transmitted to each sheriff in the State.

C. J. COWLES.

President Constitutional Convention.

Test: T. A. BYRNES, Sec'y.

J. H. BOSEE, Asst. Sec'y.

Into whose hands has Gen. Grant fallen? *Albany Argus.*

The hands into which he has fallen are so infernally dirty that we can't tell whose they are.—*Louisville Journal.*

Before we stop we will have a stable government.—Sumner on reconstruction.

Stable! All but the t.—*Exchange.*

There is a great killer of human beings in this country at present. His name is Rero C Noyle. D'ye mind?

Not found among Stanton's virtues—resignation.—*Exchange.*

GENERAL MEADE AND GENERAL GRANT.

It is quite probable that Gen. Meade has asked to be relieved of the command of the Third Military District. The position was distasteful to him from the beginning, and it would appear from facts now coming to light that he has been made a "cat's paw" by his superior. It is announced that he considered it proper to postpone the Florida Convention, but was not allowed to have his way; still worse, the communication he sent upon the subject was withheld from the President. We happen to know that a few days after Gen. Meade assumed command in Atlanta, he was visited by Governor Patton, of Alabama, and the impropriety of the election order of the State, issued by his predecessor, by which an election for officers under the constitution framed by the Convention in that State was directed to be held at the same time that the people were to vote upon its ratification or rejection, was laid before him, Governor Patton urging a change, and Gen. Swayne urging an adherence to the order. We have the best reasons to know that Gen. Meade laid the facts before Gen. Grant, and approved Governor Patton's position. Gen. Grant ordered him not to change the order issued by Pope.—Perhaps these communications were also withheld from the President.

The perfidy of men in these days of demoralization and partisanship is astounding. "How are the mighty fallen." Gen. Meade has to endure the odium of carrying out the orders of his superior. It would be strange, therefore, for him to wish to continue in so unenviable a position.—*Macon (Ga.) Telegraph, 2d.*

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Proceedings and Debates

OF THE CONVENTION OF NORTH CAROLINA, called to amend the Constitution of the State, which assembled at Raleigh, June 4th 1868. We have a few copies of these books, which we will sell at $2 each.

Feb 15-161-tf BRANSON & JONES.

For Sale.

A HANDSOME RESIDENCE, WITH SEVEN acres of land attached,—good dwelling and necessary out houses, and the best water in the vicinity of the city.

Feb 15-161-tf W. H. JONES & CO.

N. C. Walnuts.

25 BUSHELS from Western N. C. of superior flavor.

Feb 15-161-tf W. H. JONES & CO.

Western N. C. Apples.

10 BBLS., very fine, just received.

Feb 15-161-tf W. H. JONES & CO.

Peas! Peas!

100 BUSHELS, sound clean Peas.

Feb 15-161-tf W. H. JONES & CO.

DISSOLUTION.

THE copartnership of E. P. WILLIAMSON & Co., is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons having claims against us will present them for payment, and all persons having accounts must come forward and settle without delay.

E. P. WILLIAMSON is authorized to settle up the concern.

E P WILLIAMSON & CO.

Feb 15-161-3t Raleigh, N. C.

JUST ARRIVED:

BACON,
SUGARS,
COFFEE,
CHEESE,
CRACKERS,
SALT,
COCOANUTS,
YEAST POWDERS,
RICE,
CANDLES.

At S. D. HARGROVE'S.

Feb 15-161-2t

Medical College of Virginia:

ELECTION OF PROFESSOR.

A MEETING of the Board of Visitors of this Institution will be held at the College, in Richmond, on Thursday, March 5th, for the purpose of filling the vacancy in the chair of *Materia Medica*, created by the resignation of Professor WELLFORD.

Applications and testimonials may be forwarded to the care of the undersigned.

By order of the President of the Board,

L. S. JOYNES, M. D.,
Dean of the Faculty.

Feb 15-161-3taw2w Richmond, Va.

ATTENTION! SOLDIERS!

I HAVE determined to publish my "notes of travel," of the 47th. N. C. Regiment, "Pettigrew's Brigade," with corrections and additions, down to the surrender of Gen. R. E. Lee, interspersed with anecdotes, personal adventures of the author, &c., &c. It will be printed on good paper, neat, large type, and substantially bound. Having lost nine-tenths of my first edition, I was unable to supply my subscribers. If sufficient encouragement should be extended, I propose that the 2nd. edition shall contain as much again matter as the first, and be printed in such style, that the old as well as the young can read it.

The book will be delivered at the Post Office in Raleigh, mailed to any address, post paid, for 50 cents per copy. Three copies to one address, $1 25; or five copies for $2.00. Communications containing money or subscriptions must be addressed to me at Dayton, Wake county, N. C.

THOS. BAILY,
of Co. E., 47th. N. C. Regt.

For 40 days of Heth's Pioneer Corps.

Feb 15-w4t*

WHISKEY! WHISKEY!!

FIVE BARRELS CORN WHISKEY,
PROOF.
FOR SALE CHEAP
BY
Feb 14-160-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

Snuff, Snuff.

A LARGE supply, in large and small bladders. Also, in paper and bottles, at manufacturer's prices.

Feb 13-159-tf W. H. JONES & CO.

N. C. Herrings.

SOUND and good, at $5 per Bbl. Also, No. 1, Shore Mackerel.

Feb 13-159-tf W. H. JONES & CO.

EDUCATIONAL.

Kittrell's Springs Female College, GRANVILLE COUNTY, N. C.

THE NEXT SESSION of this Institution will open the second Wednesday in February, 1868. The location is unsurpassed for health and accessibility.

During the past session, in a family of nearly two hundred, there has scarcely been a case of sickness. The health of many invalid young ladies has been thoroughly restored by the celebrated mineral water found here and they have prosecuted their studies with entire success.

We are immediately on the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad, within less than a half mile of Kittrell's Depot, and in telegraphic communication with all parts of the country.

Every facility is afforded for the most thorough and extensive education.

The Faculty is composed of five male Professors and seven lady Teachers.

Everything is new. Our musical instruments, including Piano Organ, Harp and Guitar, are of the finest quality.

Special attention paid to thoroughness in the English Course.

Terms MODERATE and ACCOMMODATING.

The young ladies all worship in the College Chapel, and hence no extra clothing is required. Millinery is in no demand at Kittrell's. Parents tell us that their daughters cost them less here, in this respect, than even at home. Taking into consideration the items of dress and medical attendance, there is no cheaper school in the south. Besides, we are determined to accommodate our patrons as far as we can as to time of payment, and to put female education within the reach of the people, in the present depressed condition of the country. Our patronage is MUST BE EDUCATED.

For Catalogue, apply to

Rev. C. B. RIDDICK, President,
Dec. 14—119-3m Kittrell's Springs, N. C.

MISCELLANEOUS

SECOND EDITION OF EATON'S FORMS.

THIS WORK, REVISED, ENLARGED AND improved by the author, is now in the hands of the subscriber for sale. It will be sold, for cash, on the following terms:

For a single copy	$3,00
" 2 copies each	2,50
" 3 " each	2,00

I am requested by Mr Eaton to say that all orders for the Book must be sent to me.

RUFUS H. PAGE, Agent.

Feb 10-156-4t Raleigh, N. C.

EUREKA! EUREKA!!

SCOTCH SNUFF

JUST RECEIVED AND FOR SALE AT MANUfacturer's *Prices*.

Always on Hand a Complete Assortment of

LEATHER AND SHOE FINDINGS.

WM. A FALCONER,
Leather and Produce Commission
Merchant, Fayetteville St., opposite
Feb 10-156-1f Market Square.

King of the South Plows!

FARMERS, LOOK TO YOUR INTEREST!

I AM HAVING MANUFACTURED, AND INtend to keep, a supply of the best one horse plows in the State, which I call the KING OF THE SOUTH,—using three points on the same plow, two of which are reversible, making them equal to five points. I refer to a large number of gentlemen, that have been using the plows in this and the adjoining counties.

ALSO,

Family Groceries, Sole and Upper Leather, French and American Calf Skins, Shoe Findings &c.

Always in store for sale as low as the lowest, for cash or country produce.

JORDAN WOMBLE,
Grocer & Commission Merchant,
North side Hargett St., 5th. door from Fayetteville St.

Feb 8-155-dawawlm.

Flour in Sacks!

FORTY SACKS N. C. Family Flour, in store and for sale by

Feb 8-155-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

PATAPSCO Family Flour!!!
Belair Family Flour!!!
North Carolina Flour!!!
in Barrels, and warranted first rate.

Feb 8-155-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

Oats! Oats! Oats!

ONE Hundred Bushels prime Oats, for sale by

Feb 8-155-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

Corn, Corn.

ANOTHER lot of Corn to-day to hand.

Feb 8-155-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

Cotton, Cotton.

PERSONS having Cotton to sell, will find it to their advantage, for the next ten days, to call on W. H. JONES & CO

Feb 8-155-tf

No. 44, Fayetteville Street.

FRESH arrival of Western Empire Cook Stoves.

ALSO, ON HAND,

Air-tight, and Cast Iron Heating Stoves. Stove Pipe made to order.

ALSO,

All kind of Tin and Sheet Iron Work done at Short notice.

J. BROWN.
Feb 8-155-tf With HART & LEWIS.

RECEIVED THIS DAY.
500 lbs Family Lard in Kegs.
Feb 3-150-tf TONNOFFSKI'S.

In Store and for Sale low.
100 Choice Maryland hams.
At
Feb 3-150-tf TONNOFFSKI'S.

FARINA, FOX, EGG, MUSHROOM, SUGAR and Soda Crackers.
At
Feb 3-150-tf TONNOFFSKI'S.

BOSTON AND CREAM BISSCUIT.
Dried Beef and Beef Tongues
At
Feb 3-150-tf TONNOFFSKI'S.

CAN PEACHES AND TOMATOES.
At
Feb 3-150-tf TONNOFFSKI'S.

20 BBLS. No. 1. FAMILY FLOUR AND other grades, arriving
At
Feb 3-150-tf TONNOFFSKI'S.

ANOTHER

LOT of Cockade City Ale, just to hand.

Feb 6-153-tf W. H. JONES & CO.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S ENGLISH Chow-Chow, Piccalil, Cauliflower and Durham Mustard.
At
Feb 3-150-tf TONNOFFSKI'S.

VERY OLD SCUPPERNONG WINE.

Feb 6-153-tf W. H. JONES & CO.

CHEESE! CHEESE!!

20 BOXES CHOICE FACTORY, JUST ARrived.

Jan 25-142-tf W. H. JONES & CO.

FOR RENT.

FOR the balance of the year, a HANDSOME RESIDENCE, well furnished, containing 8 Rooms. Furniture goes with the house. Good water, rich Garden, &c., &c.

Feb 8-155-tf W. H. JONES & CO.

1868. 1868.

SPRING TRADE.

TIN WARE AT WHOLESALE.

A LARGE LOT OF TIN WARE ON HAND and constantly making, which will be sold at NEW YORK PRICES!

Material good and workmanship unsurpassed. The undersigned is conducting a NORTH CAROLINA ENTERPRISE, and asks the co-operation of Southern Merchants. He is by availing himself of the best and most improved machinery prepared to fill all orders for TIN WARE, and can make the supply equal to the demand.

Send me your orders. Satisfaction guaranteed.

I will take any kind of good produce in exchange for Tin Ware and particularly want, at best prices, **Rags, Beeswax, Old Copper and Brass** and will pay cash for same, when preferred.

Send for a Price List and compare with your northern Bills—I WILL TRADE FAIR.

I will keep constantly on hand a good assortment of **Cooking Stoves, Buck's Patent** and others of best make and will sell right.

I have on hand 60 doz. Cans (qts.) FRESH PEACHES, at $5.00 per doz. and 15 doz. Cans (2-qts.) do at $10—all warranted sound. They are sealed with wax and the Cans are good for another season.

E. H. POGUE,
Feb 3-150-tf Hillsboro N. C.

Wake Forest College.

THE SPRING TERM opens on the 25th day of January, and closes on the second Thursday in June.

Tuition per session of five months, in Collegiate Course, $35
Tuition, in Preparatory School, 30
Room rent and servant's hire (each) 8
Board (table fare) per week $2 50 to 3
Washing and fuel are had on reasonable terms.

Apply for Catalogue to

W. ROYALL,
Dec. 18—111-3taw3m Sec. Faculty.

HARDWARE TRADE—1868.

CAST IRON HEATING STOVES, AIR TIGHT Heating Stoves, Cooking Stoves, assorted sizes.

ALSO

Stove Pipe made to order at short notice. Sold low for cash.

J. BROWN,
Raleigh, Jan. 9—tf With Hart & Lewis.

RAILROADS.

Notice to Shippers of Spirits Turpentine!

THE SEABOARD

INLAND AIR LINE,

VIA PORTSMOUTH, VA.,

IS NOW PREPARED TO SHIP

SPIRITS TURPENTINE

To Baltimore, Philadelphia, and New York, its Steamers having been arranged for that purpose.

THIS AIR LINE ROUTE, FROM THE FACT of its avoiding trans-shipment from one Steamer to another, to which other lines are subject, and being the direct line between the Carolinas and the Northern Cities, with daily communication to Baltimore, Philadelphia, and New York, and to Boston a steamer every five days, offers great facilities for shipping, and is in advance of all other routes from three to five days and at as low rates.

In shipping from the Northern cities, or from Carolina, be careful to ship via Portsmouth, and by the Steamship lines connecting with and forming part of this Route.

From Boston, Merchants and Miners' Line, E. Sampson, Agent, end Central Wharf.

From New York, Old Dominion Steamship Co., Pier 37, North river, M. L. McCready, President, Office 187 Greenwich Street.

From Philadelphia, Clyde Steamers, 14 South Delaware Avenue, W. P. Clyde, Agent.

Amazonsin Line, Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Depot, J. L. Wilson, Agent.

From Baltimore, Bay Line Steamers, foot of Union Dock. R. L. Poor, Agent.

All claims for loss, damage, or overcharge, promptly settled by applying to

JAS. McCARRICK, Trace Ag't.,
Seaboard Inland Air Line, Portsmouth, Va.

THE SEABOARD AND ROANOKE RAILROAD AND BAY LINE, having been consolidated under one Management from Weldon to Baltimore, offer greater facilities to shippers of freight to and from Baltimore than any other line, and guarantee safety of freight and prompt settlement of all claims.

E. G. OHIO,
Sup't Transportation, S. & R. R.
W. C. SMITH,
Jan. 6—156-2m Sup't Bay Line Steamers.

MISCELLANEOUS.

TO THE PUBLIC.

I AM PREPARED TO ACCOMMODATE FIfteen or twenty members of the Convention. Also transient persons. My terms are moderate.

Jan. 13-139-tf GEORGE T. COOKE.

FOR RENT.

TWO FURNISHED ROOMS. TERMS MODErate.

Apply to
MRS. A. M. GORMAN.
Feb 7-151-tf

Choice Maryland Hams!

SOMETHING NICE—to-day receiving by

Jan 28-146-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

SUGARS!!!

A FULL LINE IN STORE AND FOR SALE by

Jan 23—140-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

COLGATE & CO'S
GERMAN
ERASIVE SOAP,
THE STANDARD OF
EXCELLENCE,
For Sale by all Grocers.
Jan. 22—13m

To the Creditors of Lenoir County.

AT THE LAST TERM OF THE COUNTY Pleas and Quarter Sessions, it was ordered that publication be made in the Raleigh Sentinel, notifying all persons holding claims against the County, to present them to the Finance Committee by the first of March, that arrangements may be made for the payment of the same. Those not presented before the first of March, will be the last paid.

R. W. KING,
J. C. WOOTEN,
J. A. HARTSFIELD,
Kinston, Feb 7-154-eodtf*

Finance Committee.

TURNER'S
TIC DOULOUREUX,
OR
Universal Neuralgia
PILL.

A SAFE,
CERTAIN,
AND
Speedy Cure
FOR
NEURALGIA,
AND ALL
NERVOUS
DISEASES.

Its Effects are Magical.

It is the UNFAILING REMEDY in all cases of Neuralgia Facialis, often effecting a perfect cure in less than twenty-four hours, from the use of no more than two or three PILLS.

No other form of Neuralgia or Nervous Disease has failed to yield to this

WONDERFUL REMEDIAL AGENT.

Even in the severest cases of Chronic Neuralgia and general nervous derangements, of many years standing—affecting the entire system, its use for a few days, or a few weeks at the utmost, always affords the most astonishing relief, and very rarely fails to produce a complete and permanent cure.

It contains no drugs or other materials in the slightest degree injurious, even to the most delicate system, and can ALWAYS be used with

PERFECT SAFETY.

It has long been in constant use by many of

MOST DISTINGUISHED PHYSICIANS,

who give it their unanimous and unqualified approval.

Sent by mail on receipt of price and postage.

One package,	$1.50	Postage 6 cents.
Six packages,	5.00	" 27 "
Twelve packages,	9.00	" 48 "

It is sold by all wholesale and retail dealers in drugs and medicines throughout the United States, and by

TURNER & CO., Sole Proprietors,
120 TREMONT ST., BOSTON, MASS
Jan. 10—130-Jaw6m&w6m

Select Boarding and Day School,

HILLSBORO', N. C.

THE SPRING TERM OF THE MISSES MASS and MISS KOLLOCK'S School will commence February 7th, 1868, and close June

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

PRICES REDUCED.

Advertisements will be inserted in the *Daily Sentinel* at the following rates. A *square* will be [illegible] after estimated at 13 minion lines, or 14 inches.

One square one time	$1,00
" " each subsequent insertion less than a week	50
One square one week	2,00
Each additional square one week	1,00
One square two weeks	3,00
Each additional square two weeks	1,50
One square one month	5,00
Each additional square one month	2,00
One square two months	12,00
Each additional "	4,00
One square three months	14,00
Each additional "	7,00
One quarter column "	25,00
One half column "	40,00
One column "	75,00

Regular business cards, 10 minion lines or less, will be charged only $10 for three months.

All advertisements or cards must be changed in form at least every three months. Contracts for more than three months made only at the above rates.

Special notices or advertisements required to be inserted on inside or any special place, will be charged 25 per cent higher than the above charges.

Advertisements inserted in Weekly and Semi-Weekly at rates corresponding with the above.

Court advertisements inserted 6 weeks for $7 cash or $10 if charged.

Advertisers will always find it to their advantage to enclose the cash when they send advertisements, to the extent they wish to pay for them.

THE SENTINEL.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 15, 1868.

MR. DAVID MACRAE, OF SCOTLAND.

We had the pleasure of a visit, on yesterday, from Mr. David Macrae, of Scotland, who is making a tour through portions of the South. Mr. Macrae is an author of distinction, who has written several agreeable and attractive works. While in Wilmington, he was induced to give a series of readings from his own works, which greatly delighted large and appreciative audiences. The Press of that City speak in enraptured terms of Mr. Macrae's capacities as a fascinating and popular reader. With a most commendable generosity, he devoted the entire proceeds of his readings to the poor of the City, as he visits the South for no purpose of speculation or money-making but for the purpose, solely, of seeing, for himself, our people and objects of note, and of acquainting himself with the country and its characteristics. It is to be hoped that the results of his observation may, at some future day, be embodied in a book from his brilliant pen.

P. S. Since the foregoing was written, we are gratified to learn that Mr. Macrae has consented to remain in this City, a day longer, and that, at the pressing solicitation of the Young Men's Christian Association, he will give a Reading, this (Saturday) evening, for the exclusive benefit of the poor.

It is hoped that the Senate Chamber may be obtained for the purpose. The place and time, however, will be announced, during the day, in posters. Our citizens have a rich treat in anticipation, and we hope to see such an audience as will reflect credit upon the literary taste of the community, and exhibit our appreciation of Mr. Macrae's generosity and his friendly interest for the South.

CONSERVATIVE MEETING IN WAKE.

A meeting of the Conservative citizens of Wake County, for the purpose of ratifying the action of the late Convention and for organization, will be held on Monday next, at 1 o'clock, P. M., in the Court House in this City. All are invited to attend. By order of EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—S. D. Harrison, Fayetteville Street, announces a new arrival of Bacon, Sugar, Coffee, Cheese, Salt, Rice, Candles, Cocoanuts, &c., &c.

A Professor of Materia Medica in the Medical College of Virginia, at Richmond, will be elected on the 5th. prox. Applications and testimonials must be sent to the care of Dr. L. S. Joynes, Dean of the Faculty.

Handsome residence, with seven acres of land attached, good well of water, &c., for sale: W. H. Jones & Co.

N. C. Walnuts, Western N. C. Apples, Peas, &c: W. H. Jones & Co.

Thos. Bailey, late of Co. E., 47th. N. C. T., proposes to publish his "notes of travel" of that gallant Regiment, down to the surrender of Gen. Lee. The book will be interspersed with anecdotes, personal adventures, &c. It will, doubtless, prove a highly interesting publication, and is to be afforded at remarkably cheap rates. Address the author, at Dayton, Wake County.

The copartnership of B. P. Williamson & Co. is dissolved, by mutual consent. Mr. W. is authorized to settle up the concern.

Proceedings and Debates of the Convention of 1835: Branson & Jones, Booksellers, Fayetteville Street.

MAYOR'S COURT.—Sidney Solomon, charged with assaulting Nelson Parker, colored, was returned to the County Court.

J. H. Keith, lodged in the Guard House for being intoxicated on the corner of Hargett and Wilmington Streets, was fined $2.

William Cook, lodged in the Guard House for being intoxicated, on Wilmington Street, was fined $2.

Rufus Mangum, lodged in the Guard House for being intoxicated and disorderly at Ray's Hotel, on Morgan Street, was fined $2.

TWO SESSIONS DAILY.—The "so called," on yesterday, commenced having two sessions daily, the one beginning at 10 o'clock, A. M., and the other at 7½, P. M. *Gas* morning and night.

We shall not keep our hands up until the late hour of night that would be necessary, in order to publish, in our morning's paper, the preceding evening's performances.

COUNTY CANVASSERS.—We shall keep standing, for some time, the list of Canvassers appointed by the late Conservative Convention. Our friends will see, by referring to it, that changes and additions are constantly being made by the Executive Committee.

FREEDOM OF SPEECH.—Gov. Vance, in his late speech at the Conservative Convention, congratulated himself on the freedom of speech that our rulers allow us. He said that, twelve months ago, he would not have been safe in speaking his sentiments, as freely as he had done to that body. The liberty of complaining is at least left us.—In this our rulers have shown wisdom; though there is folly enough displayed in other governmental matters. Cardinal Ximenes used to say, "when a man is in power, the wisest course he can adopt is to permit the people to enjoy the wretched consolation of avenging their wrongs by their speeches." He was in the right. Open grumbling is less nearly allied to rebellion than moody, brooding silence. There is a luxury in growling—and the peccant humors thereby escape. When we "get home" again to the paternal mansion, if we ever do, we will surely give our brethren and "best benefactors" a piece of our mind.

A HARD LICK.—Col. Heaton hit the X P G a hard lick on the *ex fronti*, in the course of his remarks, on yesterday. He said that he had no harsh words for the young men who were "whirled into the war,"—they were but carrying out the teachings of the men in the South, who had indoctrinated their minds with the idea that secession was a rightful remedy! If the X P G was in the lobbies, he left at once, or hid behind a pillar.

"LO! THE POOR" TOURGEE.—See "so-called" proceedings, on yesterday. Spit on by Harris, kicked by Ablett, snubbed by Galloway, taunted by Redman and twitted by Pool,—his sufferings were intolerable. And yet, after all, if Congressional reconstruction is valid and binding, Tourgee is right!

PRAYER IN CONVENTION.—We hope that all of the Ministers of the City will, in turn, pray for the Convention, at the opening of each morning's session. It is the most promising field for missionary labor that we know of.

SIGNIFICANT AND SUGGESTIVE FACTS FOR NORTHERN CAPITALISTS AND CREDITORS.

The editor of the *Metropolitan Record*, Mr. Mullaly, now on a visit to the cotton States, writes from Charlotte, North Carolina, under date of January 26th, in regard to the pestilential influence of Messrs. Kelley, Wilson, and other Radical emissaries, who went down to give the negroes advice last fall:

"All at that time was doing well. The land had been tilled, the seed planted, the various products were duly ripening for the harvest, when, worse than the army worm, worse than the blight, worse than inclement and unfavorable seasons, came the Radical missionaries, with their blasting, withering influence. Now, mark the results. When the crops reached their maturity, when the harvest was ripe and ready to be gathered, the freedmen refused to work. They had been told that they were to have a share in the distribution of the lands, that their Radical friends in the North would put them on a level with their former masters, and as their labor had mainly built up the wealth, they were now entitled to a portion of that wealth. The negro, in his simplicity, believed all this. By such vile trickery, by such knavery and deception, these emissaries succeeded in utterly breaking down the obligations of the contract system throughout an immense portion of the South. We have been told by authority in which we place the most implicit confidence, that in consequence of the speeches of these Radical incendiaries, no less than one million bales of cotton were lost to the country.

Let the capitalists of the North weigh well the vital importance of this huge, overwhelming fact. One million bales of cotton which were ready to be gathered lost to the capital and industrial wealth of the country!—lost to commerce, lost to manufactures, and lost to trade. There is hardly a dealer in the North who has not a special interest in this matter—hardly one. There is hardly a shopkeeper who is at present suffering for a want of trade who has not been affected to some degree by this loss.—By these infamous appeals to the negroes, Kelley and Wilson succeeded in destroying a portion of the cotton crop worth at the time over *six millions of dollars!*

Bear that in mind, all ye Northern creditors who have been trying in vain to make collections throughout the South. The reason you could not obtain payment of your bills was because the people have no money; and the reason the people have no money is because Radical incendiaries and disseminators of agrarianism succeeded in demoralizing the freedmen and disorganizing the whole labor system of the South."

Special Dispatch to Baltimore Gazette.

THE JOHNSON GRANT CONTROVERSY—PRESIDENT JOHNSON'S LAST LETTER—A RECENT INTERVIEW WITH GRANT—HE COMPLAINS OF THE TRICKERY OF THE RADICALS—SHERMAN'S ADVICE TO THE PRESIDENT.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 11.

To-night everybody is discussing the President's letter, and the Radicals are using every device to break its force. They say the people would never believe Johnson as against Grant, if a hundred Cabinet officers should testify in his behalf. On the other hand, the Conservatives, many of whom have been Gen. Grant's best friends, express the deepest regret at his mortifying position, and feel that the national honor has been tarnished. Gen. Grant's rejoinder to-day does not reach the point in issue.

An ex-member of Congress from Illinois, who is now here, who has been a friend and companion of Grant's from boyhood, had a long interview with the General a few evenings since and learned from him that he blames his pretended political friends for all his embarrassments.

He said that he had endeavored to keep out of their meshes, but that they had entrapped him before he knew it, and had involved him in his present difficulties. If, said the General, I can only manage to get out of this scrape, I promise they don't catch me again. During the recital of the manner in which he had been over reached by politicians, the General exhibited a deep feeling, and left the impression on the mind of his friend that he would wipe his hands of Radicalism.

As Gen. Sherman's name has been brought into the controversy between the President and Gen. Grant, it may not be amiss to state that the President is in receipt of a letter from Gen. Sherman, which is understood to have this paragraph in it:

"If Stanton won't resign, and there is no other way of getting rid of him, ulterior measures should be resorted to."

This letter, together with one other of a very important character, may reach the public eye if this unfortunate controversy is pressed any further.

TELEGRAPHIC.

Our Noon Dispatches.

THE FIRE IN WILMINGTON—LOSS OF LIFE.

WILMINGTON, Feb. 14, M.

A number of persons were buried beneath the ruins of a falling wall, at the fire, at daylight, this morning.

One white and four negro firemen, thus far, have been taken from the ruins, in a mangled condition. It is thought that all will die.

A large number of hands are at work on the ruins, to recover other bodies; and it is feared that ten or twelve were crushed.

The fire was confined to the buildings mentioned in last night's dispatch. The loss is about $125,000.

WATCHING UNCLE SAM.

HAVANA, Feb. 14, M.

A British Man-of-War has gone to the Bay of Samana, to watch the Federal proceedings there.

MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Feb. 14, M.

Pork heavy, 20¾.

Lard heavy, 14@14¼.

Cotton a shade lower, 20¾

Gold 1,40¾ Sterling 9,69¾. Old Bonds 11¼ Virginias 60¼. Tennessee, ex coupons 64¼.—New 61¾.

LIVERPOOL, Feb. 14, M.

Cotton easier. Sales will reach 10,000 bales.—Amount afloat for Liverpool 240 000 bales, including 140 000 American.

Our Midnight Dispatches.

CONGRESS.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 14, P. M.

HOUSE.—Gen. Grant has been directed to furnish the House his correspondence with Gen. Hancock.

A resolution was offered, taxing Federal Bonds two per cent.

The speaker submitted a communication from the Secretary of War, covering orders issued by the District commanders.

A resolution of the Virginia Convention, praying for a reduction of the Tobacco tax, was referred to the Ways and Means Committee, adjourned.

SENATE.—The President was asked whether he had created a new Military Department here, and under what law.

A Bill regarding the filling of vacancies passed. [It provides that offices vacated by sickness, or otherwise, may be filled by the President, for ten days, provided that the appointee's salary shall not be increased.]

The Senator Thomas case was resumed and discussed to Executive Session.

FROM WASHINGTON

WASHINGTON, Feb. 14, P. M.

The Government is pushing claims against Confederate Agents abroad. Some seven millions of property has been attached in France. The claims against Mr. Mellen approximate twelve millions. He also sold twenty-six ships to various parties, proceedings against whom are about being instituted.

The President has pardoned Commodore Farran, who commanded the Pensacola navy yard, but resigned to join the Confederacy.

The Whiskey tax from 1863 to 1867 has averaged twenty seven millions per annum.

Ethan Allen, Collector of customs, Teche, La.; Albert G. Gridley, Appraiser of merchandise for the South; E. G. Morgan, surveyor of customs at Selma, Alabama, have been confirmed.

An official proclamation was issued, to-day, creating a new Military Division of the Atlantic, comprising the Department of the Lakes, the East and Washington, to be commanded by Gen Sherman, with Headquarters at Washington.

The President orders Grant to make no permanent assignment for the Division of Missouri. Grant assigns Sheridan to the temporary command of the Division of Missouri.

Corvale presented a communication, supported by affidavits, regarding alleged whiskey frauds in New Orleans. The papers are quite voluminous. The report alleges that each Distiller pays the whiskey ring $1,000 per month—the Revenue officers getting a portion of the money.

Indications are strong that Senator Thomas will be rejected.

VIRGINIA CONVENTION, ETC.

RICHMOND, Feb. 14, P. M.

The Judiciary Committee reported in favor of exempting property, to the value of $1,000 from seizure for debts contracted after the ratification of the Constitution.

Schofield has issued an order vacating all Tobacco Inspectors' offices, on the 1st of March, whose occupants cannot take the oath of office.

Commodore E. M. Boutwell, late U. S. N., has been appointed Commissioner of Revenue of the City.

ARREST OF THE COMPTROLLER OF GEORGIA.

AUGUSTA, Feb. 14, P. M.

A special to the Macon "Telegraph," dated Rome, Feb. 13th, says:

"Ex-Comptroller General Barnes was arrested, to-day, by order of Gen. Meade, and is now confined in the Barracks, for refusing to deliver the Records of his office."

FLORIDA CONVENTION.

TALLAHASSEE, Feb. 14, P. M.

The excitement among the delegates has been intense during the past four hours.

Serious apprehension has existed of a collision between the Billings faction and the majority of the Convention. The former hold a negro meeting, to-night, and the civil authorities and the military are protecting the Capitol from the possibility of a violent demonstration.

The Convention had 28 members present to-day.

MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Feb. 14, P. M.

Cotton from ⅛ lower. Sales 2100 bales at 20@⅛.

Gold excited during the afternoon; reached 1,41¼ and closed at 1,40¾.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 14 P. M.

Cotton dull; nominally 20¾.

Flour more active.

WILMINGTON, Feb. 14, P. M.

Spirits Turpentine firm at 39.

Rosin active; strained 2,20@2,25; No. 2, 2,30; No. 1, 3 25.

Cotton firm; middling 18¼.

Tar firm 2,65.

LONDON, Feb 14, P. M.

Consols 93¼. Bonds 72¾.

LIVERPOOL, Feb. 14, P. M.

Cotton closed firmer. Uplands 8@8¼. Orleans 8⅜. Sales 10,000 bales. Manchester advices unfavorable.

WANTED,

A SMALL FARM in the vicinity of Raleigh, with comfortable dwelling and necessary Outhouses. Furnish description (to be forwarded to the party desiring to purchase.

Jan 29-145-tf W. H. JONES & CO.

NORTH CAROLINA

Military and Polytechnic Academy.

THE NINTH ANNUAL SESSION OF THIS Institution will commence on Wednesday, February 5th, 1868.

Besides the regular course of Science and Languages and the Commercial Course it offers to the public the advantages of a special course of Civil Engineering of the most complete description. Circulars can be obtained from

GEN'L R. E. COLSTON, Sup't,
Hillsboro' N. C.

Application for admission should be made early. Dec. 20—114-tf

State Conservative Convention, At Raleigh, Feb. 5th and 6th, 1868.

STATE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

HON. THOS BRAGG, RALEIGH, *Chairman.*

RESIDENT COMMITTEE AT RALEIGH.

Hon A S Merrimon,
" Daniel G Fowle,
Gen W R Cox
Seaton Gales, Esq.
J P H Russ, Esq.
M A Bledsoe, Esq.
R O Badger, *Secretary.*

FIRST DISTRICT.

Hon W N H Smith, Hertford.
William A Moore, Chowan.
Mills L Eure, Gates.

SECOND DISTRICT.

Henry R Bryan, Craven.
Geo V Strong, Wayne.
Thos S Keman, Duplin.

THIRD DISTRICT.

Hon Geo Howard, Edgecombe.
Jos J Davis, Franklin.
Gen M W Ransom, Northampton.

FOURTH DISTRICT.

Hon J M Leach, Davidson.
Livingston Brown, Caswell.
Jas T Morehead, Jr., Guilford.

FIFTH DISTRICT.

Col E D Hall, New Hanover.
Archibald McLean, Cumberland.
Hon Thos S Ashe, Anson.

SIXTH DISTRICT.

R P Armfield, Wilkes.
W M Robbins, Rowan.
Hon J H Wilson, Mecklenburg.

SEVENTH DISTRICT.

Plato Durham, Cleaveland.
A C Avery, Burke.
M L McCorkle, Catawba.

EIGHTH DISTRICT.

R M Stokes, Buncombe.
Cassius Gudger, Macon.
W L Love, Haywood.

National Democratic Convention.

DELEGATES.

Hon. W. N. H. Smith,
Gen. W. R. Cox,
W. A. Wright, Esq.,
Jno. F. Hoke, Esq.,

ALTERNATES.

Jno. Hughes, Esq.,
Jno. A. Gilmer, Jr.,
A. C. Cowles, Esq.,
Maj. A. T. Davidson.

A PLAN OF ORGANIZATION.

STATE ORGANIZATION.

A State Committee, to consist of a Chairman and thirty members,—six of whom shall reside in Raleigh, and three in each judicial district—to be appointed by the State Convention.

The Committee shall have power to maintain its organization, by filling vacancies, &c., and shall take charge of all matters relating to organization, registration, &c., and a proper canvass of the State.

DISTRICT ORGANIZATION.

The members of the State Committee in each judicial district shall constitute a district Committee for their respective districts and shall appoint a Chairman, and shall take charge of all matters relating to county organization, &c., in their respective districts; and shall report all matters relating thereto, to the Chairman of the State Committee.

COUNTY ORGANIZATION.

It is recommended that each County, by popular meetings or through the medium of existing organizations, appoint a County Committee, to consist of at least two persons from each Captain's District within its limits.

The County Committee shall take charge of all matters of registration, local organization, &c., within the County, and is requested to make monthly reports to the Chairman of the District Committee, and, when necessary, to inform him of such local matters as may require the attention of the District Committee.

It is further recommended that each County Committee cause to be enrolled the names of all the registered voters of their county, who are willing to act and vote with this organization—no man to be thus enrolled without his express consent; and, also, that they cause to be enrolled on a separate list the names of all those who are entitled to register, but who have not done so, and that they use every exertion to secure their registration and active co-operation.

Resolved, That the President of the Convention appoint five or more persons, in each County, to make a thorough canvass of the same, and disseminate proper political information.

DECLARATION OF PRINCIPLES.

The Conservative people of North Carolina having, by their delegates, assembled in Convention at Raleigh, on the 5th. of February, 1868, to consider the present anomalous condition of the State, and of the country, and to consult together upon the grievances which now afflict, and threaten them, and the course of action proper to be adopted in the trying circumstances which surround them, do resolve and declare

1. Our unalterable devotion to the principles of Constitutional liberty and our fealty to the government of the United States, as set forth in the Federal Constitution. That we sincerely and in good faith accept the legitimate and legal results of the late war, and do hereby reiterate our oft repeated declaration, that we most heartily desire peace and concord with our sister States and with the entire people of the United States.

2. *Resolved*, That regarding the Constitution of the United States as the source of all power in the administration of the government, and that the powers of the Executive, Legislative and Judicial departments are equal and co ordinate, as defined by that instrument, we do respectfully and solemnly protest against the enforcement upon our people of the Reconstruction Acts and policy of Congress, as unconstitutional, unwise and destructive to society, and violative of that great principle of American politics, that each State shall have the exclusive control of its own internal affairs.

3. *Resolved* That it is the opinion of this Convention, that the great and all absorbing issue, now soon to be presented to the people of the State, is negro suffrage and negro equality, if not supremacy, and while her here after in North Carolina and the South, the white man is to be placed politically, and, as a consequence, socially, upon a footing of equality with the negro, and, in many localities, subject to his government as a superior. That we are utterly opposed to such change in our government and in our social relations, and that we do hereby earnestly recommend to the people of the State to manfully meet the issue now attempted to be forced upon them, and to use every proper means within their power to avert the impending mischief.

4. *Resolved*, That while we are unalterably opposed to political and social equality with the black race, we yet have no unjust prejudices against that race; that we are determined, by just laws, to protect them fully in all their civil rights, and to confer upon them all privileges which can be done consistently with the safety and welfare of both races.

5. *Resolved*, That the distressed and impoverished condition of our people earnestly demands the speediest and wisest measures of relief that the Legislature can devise.

6. *Resolved*, That this Convention recognizes, with feelings of gratitude, the heroic and patriotic efforts of the President of the United States, to restore the Union and harmony and good will among the American people.

7. *Resolved*, That this Convention regards the Supreme Court of the United States as the legitimate expounder, in the last resort, of the Constitution—and believe that its rights and powers, in that respect, should be preserved intact, as established by law in the earlier and better days of the Republic, and that any serious impairment thereof, by legislation or otherwise, will be destructive to the best interests of the country, and dangerous to the liberties of the people.

8. *Resolved*, That despairing of any restoration of the Southern States under the conduct of that organization which now controls the proceedings of Congress, waiving all former party feeling and prejudice, this Convention does most unhesitatingly recommend and invite the hearty co-operation of all the good people of North Carolina with the Democrats and Conservative men of the North and West, who are now nobly struggling for the maintenance of the Constitution of the United States and the restoration of the Southern States to their rights in the Union on the solid foundation of harmony and peace.

9. *Resolved*, That this Convention elect four delegates and four alternates, for the State at large, to represent the Conservative people of North Carolina in the next Democratic National Convention, and that it recommend to the Conservative people of the several Congressional Districts, to appoint delegates at an early day to represent them in said Convention.

10. *Resolved*, That when an election shall be ordered for the ratification of a new State Constitution, the Executive Committee for the State, which has been appointed by this Convention, be instructed, if the time shall be sufficient, to call a Convention of the Conservative people of the State, to put in nomination candidates for the various State offices whose election shall then be ordered; and if there shall not be sufficient time to call said Convention, to put in nomination sound Conservative men for said offices.

COUNTY CANVASSERS.

Alamance County.—Dr. John A. Moore, James A. Graham, James E. Boyd, George Patterson, Sr., T. M. Holt.

Anson.—Thomas S. Ashe, Arch'd. Niven, C. R. Liles, W. G. Smith, W. P. Kendall.

Beaufort.—Thomas Sparrow, Joseph B. Stickney, Churchill Gorham, F. B. Satterthwaite, Edward S. Marsh.

Burke.—Thos. G. Walton, S. C. W. Tate, Dr. David Berry, Andrew Shuford, Jno. F. Merrill.

Brunswick.—Capt. D. E. Allen, Samuel R. Chinnis, Col. S. D. Thurston, Thos. Drew, Asa Ross.

Cabarrus.—William S. Harris, John M. Long, Dr. L. S. Bingham, Dr. F. M. Henderson, Frank Rogers, Samuel Pharr, P. B. Means.

Caldwell.—Maj. W. H. Malone, Gen. S. F. Patterson, Edward W. Jones, Rev. Isaac Oxford, R. H. Moody.

Chatham.—M. Q. Waddell, John Manning, Jr., H. A. London, Jr., B. J. Howze, James F. Rives.

Carteret.—Dr. L. W. Martin, L. S. Oglesby, John M. Perry, Samuel Lasters, Ben. H. Bell.

Catawba.—Dr. Ellis, Dr. Turner Abernathy, Jonas Cline, G. James, Capt. Helton, A J Whitner, J H Bruns, Samuel Tucker, Wesley Bandy, Daniel Deal, Capt. M. P. Sherrill, George Yoder.

Caswell.—Bedford Brown, John Kerr, Thomas Donoho, S. P. Hill, G. W. Thompson.

Columbus.—John W. Ellis, W. J. Stanley, Fourney George, V. V. Richardson, J. M. McGougan.

Cleveland.—Lee M McAfee, J W Gidney, M D Lee, H Cabaniss, A R Homesly.

Craven.—Henry R. Bryan, Alexander C. Latham, Wm. C. Snead, John Hughes, Dr. P. E. Hines, H. T. Guion, Alex. Justice.

Cumberland.—Dr. W. H. Lassell, Burwell M. Baxter, James M. Woodhouse, William Shaw, T. C. Humphreys.

Davidson.—C. F. Lowe, Henry Walser, Jr., F. C. Robbins, J. H. Welborn, M. H. Pinnix.

Duplin.—Prof. N. B. Webster, Col. Wm. A. Allen, Capt. A. J. Brown, Wm. R. Ward, J. D. Stanford, J. E Hussey.

Gaston.—W. T. Shipp, Edmund Wilkes, Robt. Holland, Col. Wm. Stowe, Eph. Black.

Granville.—Col. J. S. Amis, R. A. Jenkins, N. E. Cannady, W. H. P. Jenkins, T. L. Hargrove.

Guilford.—Peter Adams, Sr., David F. Caldwell, Rev. Calvin H. Wiley, Nereus Mendenhall, Samuel Rankin, Jr.

Halifax.—Edward Conigland, Mason L. Wiggins, Dr. Henry Mason, R. H. Smith, William H. Day.

Hertford.—J. J. Yeates, Dr. G. C. Moore, Dr. R. H. Shields, Dr. R. H Smith, J. B. Slaughter.

Iredell.—Thos. A. Nicholson, J. H. Hill, R. A. McLaughlin, R. R. Dempster, Colonel John Malt.

Jones.—R. R. Jones, C. B. Koonce, E. S. Franks, H. C. Foscue, F. Foy, E. M. Foscue.

Johnston.—J. H. Abell, L. R. Waddell, C. B. Sanders, W. H. Avera, Seth Woodall, Edw. S. Parker.

Lenoir.—Dr. H. W. Blount, J. C. Wooten, A. Munroe, G. F. Whitfield, Wm. J. Pipp.

Lincoln.—W. J. Hoke, D. Schenck, W. A. Graham, W. F. Hynes, J. A. Caldwell.

Mecklenburg (in part) Hon Z B Vance, Hon. J. W. Osborne, Col. H. C. Jones, Hon. J. H. Wilson, Gen. J. A. Young, Col. Wm. Johnston.

McDowell.—Gen. Alney Burgin, A. M. Erwin, W. W. Fleming, Dr. John Yancey, Dr. McCoy.

Moore.—Gen D Dowd, Dr Jno Shaw, Capt James D McIver, Capt George Wilcox, Doctor H Turner.

Northampton.—Gen T J Person, R B Peebles, Dr J C Jacobs, N Thomas Mason, W W Peebles, Dr W S Copeland.

Orange.—Jones Watson, John F. Lyon, W. W. Guess, John W. Graham, R. F. Webb.

Onslow.—John W. Shackleford, E. W. Farrell, Henry H. Sanderlin, M. L. F. Rhese, W. P. Ware.

Pitt.—E C Yellowley, Dr. C J O'Hagan, G W Johnson, Henry Shepherd, W R Williams, Jesse Stancill, Abram Cox, L G Little.

Richmond.—B F Little, W D Townsend, James T Rosser, James P Leak, John Johnson.

Robeson.—John Leach, N A McLean, Giles Leitch, John H McEachen, Thomas Morrisey.

Rowan.—P E Shober, W H Bailey, Kerr Craige, W A Hauck, Isaac M Shaver, T W Keen, Richard Cowan, Jno. K. Graham.

Rutherford.—L P Erwin, J M Whiteside, Joseph Carson, W H Miller, Dr Thomas S Duffy.

Sampson.—Col A A McKay, William S. Devane, R C Holmes, Dr A C Bizzell, Dr J S Murphy.

Surry.—R M Waugh, R C Hampton, —— Gilmer, Dr Joseph Hollingsworth, N H Gwyn.

Wayne.—C S Wooten, George V Strong, William G Mosley, E A Wright, Gray C. Garris.

Wilkes.—Dr C L Cooke, Dr James Calloway, R A Wellborne, Dr Tyre York, Phineas Horton.

Wake.—Charles M Busbee, J Q DeCarteret, Jesse A Norris, George Whiting, Jacob Fleming, R W York, Jesse Winburn, G H Alford, Col. Geo. H. Faribault.

Warren.—Col W J Green, Col W A Jenkins, E J Plummer, P R Davis, B M Collins.

Yadkin.—William A. Robey, J Williams, Sr., Joseph Dobson, Aquila Speer, E C Roughton.

Greensboro' Money Market.

BUYING RATES OF BANK NOTES, &c. BY

WILSON & SHOBER, BANKERS AND EXCHANGE BROKERS, SOUTH ELM STREET, GREENSBORO, N. C.

Bank of N. C.	50c
" Cape Fear	20d
" Charlotte	28
" Wadesboro	35
" Wilmington	26
" Roxboro	60
" Thomasville	60
" Lexington at Graham	30
" " Lexington	20
" Commerce	17
" Clarendon	4
" Fayetteville	14
" Washington	7
" Yanceyville	3
Merchants' Bank of Newbern	62
Farmers' Bank of Greensboro	27
Miners' and Planters' Bank	38
Commercial Bank of Wilmington	26
Greensboro Mutual Ins. Co.	6
Virginia Bank Notes average about	28
South Carolina "	15
Georgia "	25

We buy and sell at liberal prices, Gold and Silver, North Carolina Bonds, United States Bonds and all other marketable stocks.

Orders for Bank notes by debtors and Stockholders of Banks will receive prompt attention.

Returns for express packages of Bank notes &c., will be made on the day received, by check on New York or Baltimore, or in currency, as desired.

Life and Fire Insurance Policies issued in good Companies, at best rates.

Oct. 26-129-3m

Raleigh Money Market.

CORRECTED BY JOHN O. WILLIAMS & CO., BROKERS, RALEIGH, N. C.

PRICES OF NORTH CAROLINA BANK NOTES:

Bank of N. C., (Gold 25) (Silver 26)	G. B. 50
" Cape Fear	20
" Charlotte	28
" Lexington, at Graham	30
" Roxborough	61
" Wadesborough	35
" Thomasville	60
" Wilmington	26
" Commerce	17
" Washington	8
" Yanceyville	3
Commercial Bank, Wilmington	26
Farmer's Bank of North Carolina, (old)	27
" " (new)	10
Greensboro' Mutual Insurance Co.	6
Merchant's Bank, Newbern	62
Miner's & Planter's Bank	38

Jan 16 135-tf

PROVISION MARKET.

CORRECTED BY JORDAN WOMBLE, GROCER AND COMMISSION MERCHANT.

BACON	18@22½
BALT'N & WESTERN	15@17
LEAF ON HOOF	8@10
" NETT	10@13
BUTTER	25@40
COTTON	13@15
CHICKENS, Spring	15@25
" Grown	25@30
CORN	1 25@1 40
COFFEE	25@40
EGGS	25@30
FLOUR	10@16
FODDER	1 25@1 50
HERRINGS	4@5@10
HIDES—Green	8c per lb.
" Dry	12½@15
HAY	$1@1 25 pr. cwt.
LARD	16@20
MEAL	1 35@1 50
MOLASSES	55@75
NAILS	7½@10
PEAS—Black	1 25@1 50
" White	1 50@1 60
POTATOES—Irish	1 50@2 00
" Sweet	75@90
RAGS	4@5
SALT—Fine	4 00@4 25
" Ground	3 00@3 50
SUGAR	13@22
TALLOW	11@12½
VINEGAR	37½@75
MULLETS	8 50@9 00

REMARKS.

Cotton still in demand and higher. We quote sales to-day, (Wednesday) at 16 for best quality, and from 15 to 15½ for common.

Pork scarce. We quote sales from 11½ to 13.

E. DRAUGHON, Agt'N. C. Business Directory. J. S. JONES

BRANSON & JONES,

SUCCESSORS TO

Branson, Farrar & Co.,

CONTINUE THE BOOK BUSINESS AT THE same stand, near Tucker Hall, and still keep on hand a supply of

BOOKS AND STATIONERY,

at reduced prices.

Consignments of second hand Law and Miscellaneous Books solicited.

Particular attention paid to orders

BRANSON & JONES,
Jan 9 128-tf Raleigh, N. C.

White Meal and White Corn.

JUST in store and for sale.

W. H. JONES & CO.

Feb 5-150-tf

GREEN APPLES.

JUST to hand and for sale by

Feb 5-150-tf W. H. JONES & CO.

For Sale.

NICE WHITE CORN MEAL.

Jan. 17—146-tf W. H. JONES & CO.

RALEIGH NATIONAL BANK OF NORTH CAROLINA.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

B. W. PULLIAM, President.

W. H. WILLARD, GEO. W. SWEPSON,
A. S. MERRIMON, W. J. HAWKINS.

W. R. GULICK, Cashier.

D. J. IREDELL, Teller.

Deals in Bills of Exchange, Sight Drafts, Gold and Silver Coin, and Government and other securities.

Uncurrent Bank Notes bought at highest prices. Packages sent by Express will be remitted for promptly, in currency, or in New York funds at par.

PRICE CURRENT FEB. 7, 1868.

Bank of Cape Fear	20
" Charlotte	28
" Clarendon	3
" Commerce	17
" Fayetteville	11
" Lexington, (old)	19
" " (new)	10
" Lexington, payable at Graham	24
" North Carolina	50
" Roxboro'	60
" Thomasville	60
" Wadesboro'	35
" Washington	7
" Yanceyville	3
Commercial Bank, Wilmington	26
Farmer's Bank of North Carolina, (old)	27
" " (new)	10
Greensboro' Mutual Insurance Co.	6
Merchant's Bank, Newbern	62
Miner's & Planter's Bank	38

PROVISION MARKET.

CORRECTED BY JORDAN WOMBLE, GROCER AND COMMISSION MERCHANT.

BACON	18@22½
BALT'N & WESTERN	15@17
LEAF ON HOOF	8@10
" NETT	10@13
BUTTER	25@40
COTTON	13@15
CHICKENS, Spring	15@25
" Grown	25@30
CORN	1 25@1 40
COFFEE	25@40
EGGS	25@30
FLOUR	10@16
FODDER	1 25@1 50
HERRINGS	4@5@10
HIDES—Green	8c per lb.
" Dry	12½@15
HAY	$1@1 25 pr. cwt.
LARD	16@20
MEAL	1 35@1 50
MOLASSES	55@75
NAILS	7½@10
PEAS—Black	1 25@1 50
" White	1 50@1 60
POTATOES—Irish	1 50@2 00
" Sweet	75@90
RAGS	4@5
SALT—Fine	4 00@4 25
" Ground	3 00@3 50
SUGAR	13@22
TALLOW	11@12½
VINEGAR	37½@75
MULLETS	8 50@9 00

REMARKS.

Cotton still in demand and higher. We quote sales to-day, (Wednesday) at 16 for best quality, and from 15 to 15½ for common.

Pork scarce. We quote sales from 11½ to 13.

E. DRAUGHON, Agt'N. C. Business Directory. J. S. JONES

BRANSON & JONES,

SUCCESSORS TO

Branson, Farrar & Co.,

CONTINUE THE BOOK BUSINESS AT THE same stand, near Tucker Hall, and still keep on hand a supply of

BOOKS AND STATIONERY,

at reduced prices.

Consignments of second hand Law and Miscellaneous Books solicited.

Particular attention paid to orders

BRANSON & JONES,
Jan 9 128-tf Raleigh, N. C.

White Meal and White Corn.

JUST in store and for sale.

W. H. JONES & CO.

Feb 5-150-tf

GREEN APPLES.

JUST to hand and for sale by

Feb 5-150-tf W. H. JONES & CO.

For Sale.

NICE WHITE CORN MEAL.

Jan. 17

DAILY SENTINEL.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 15, 1868.

From the National Intelligencer.

THE PRESIDENT AND GEN. GRANT

We publish to-day, in full, the additional correspondence in regard to the Grant Stanton affair that has transpired since the publication of the report made to Congress by Stanton. It includes the reply of the President to General Grant's letter of February 3d., which was rushed into Congress almost before the ink with which it was written was dry, and with the evident intention of preventing any reply from the President; also, the letters of all the members of the Cabinet present at the interview between the President and General Grant, on the 14th. ult., fully sustaining the President's version of that conversation in every particular; and the answer of Gen. Grant to the President's last letter.

There is one noticeable fact about this communication, in marked contrast with the one that was indecently hurried into Congress on the 4th instant. The latter was sent in almost simultaneously with the delivery to the President of the letter of General Grant of the 3d instant. In this correspondence the President has generously and frankly anticipated the resolution of Mr. Logan, and (in an additional message) before Logan's resolution calling for Grant's reply had even been engrossed, transmitted to Congress that letter and the accompanying documents, thus showing his willingness to 'nothing extenuate, nor aught set down in malice." In the readiness to lay before Congress *all* the correspondence, even before it had been called for, the President has manifested a degree of candor and singleness of purpose that challenge admiration, and contrast most favorably for him with that pursued by the tricksters who had undertaken to entrap him.

The letter of the President to General Grant, now published, closes the issue. It is absolutely crushing upon General Grant in its logic and its deductions. The letters of the members of the Cabinet, who were present in Cabinet meeting on the 14th. ult., settle conclusively the question of veracity. Four out of the five who were there sustain the statement of the President, point by point, and word for word; the fifth confirms all the President's statements, but with officious kindness feebly attempts to suggest some sort of excuse for the probable or possible misapprehension of the situation on the part of General Grant. The official and social position of the writers of these letters are amply sufficient to render either one of them a credible witness against Gen. Grant. Their accumulated testimony justified the President in dismissing the question of veracity with the simple presentation of this overwhelming evidence. They fully sustain the President, and leave Gen. Grant convicted of the basest misrepresentations.

The letter of the President, however, proceeds to expose, in a scathing and unanswerable manner, the arrant duplicity and inexcusable insubordination of Gen. Grant. "Out of his own mouth he is condemned." By reference to Grant's own letters, he is shown conclusively to have accepted the position of Secretary of War *ad interim*, and to have continued in the office, with the predetermined purpose of defeating what he knew to be the wish and intention of the President, while all the time, and up to the last moment, he took particular care to induce the President to believe that he would execute his will and fulfil his intention.—It is apparent from General Grant's own confession that he occupied the War Department solely in the interest of Stanton, while he was promising the President that he would either retire or compel Stanton to resort to the courts to regain possession of the department. Grant's afterthought of the danger of incurring the penalty of resisting the law, is quietly but effectually disposed of by the suggestion that he might have easily avoided such difficulty by resigning his position at the proper time, as he had promised.

The insubordination of General Grant is plainly and strongly put by the President. There is no escape from this charge. It is thrust home with irresistible force.

In his reply to this letter of the President, General Grant avoids the important issues of veracity, honor, and good faith, and nervously attempts to palliate the charge of insubordination. To this he makes the lamest of all possible defences. The only justification he pretends to offer for his manifest insubordination is, that while he was "the person having more public business to transact with the Secretary of War than any other of the President's subordinates," he "was the only one who had been instructed to disregard the authority of Mr. Stanton, where his authority was derived as agent of the President." He cites in this behalf letters from the Secretary of the Treasury and the Second Assistant Postmaster General, addressed to Stanton as Secretary of War.

This very letter, with its citations, is full of strong proof of Grant's actual insubordination. He had nothing whatever to do with the action of the Secretary of the Treasury or the Assistant Postmaster General. They are civil officers. He is a military officer, directly subordinate to the President as Commander-in-Chief. He had received an express order from his superior officer. The failure of others, no matter who, to obey this order, never given them, affords no shadow of excuse or palliation for his disobedience.

General Grant has actually placed himself in worse plight by this letter than by anything that has yet been written by or for him. His own admissions throughout the whole correspondence tell against him more forcibly than all the crushing testimony presented. He has shown by his own words that he not only endeavored to misrepresent facts and deny his own solemn promises and pledges, but that he treacherously practised deceit upon the President during all the time of his occupancy of the War Department, and subsequently assumed a position of unequivocal insubordination to his superior officer. The effect of all this correspondence is to show that Gen. Grant has whistled himself down the wind, and must henceforth be only a cipher in the estimation of men of honor and integrity.

ABYSSINIA.—The correspondent of the London *Times* reports the condition of Theodore as bad as it well can be. Beset by enemies,—his whole country in a state of sedition, and portions already in revolt—he is yet moving forward to meet the British army. He makes slow progress, however, being much encumbered by a huge mortar weighing 17,000 pounds, with which he probably hopes to pound the invaders. He had only advanced thirty miles towards Magdala, where his European artisans had persuaded him that he could make the best terms with the British, that being a very defensible point.

Strange to say, notwithstanding the discontent throughout his dominions, all are afraid of Theodore. No one will venture to attack him. He lays waste the country in his march—seizes without scruple and persecutes without mercy; but such is the power of his will and his genius that he spreads fear wherever he goes.

The British army is reported to be getting on, under many difficulties, as well as possible, and the people are amazed that they pay for what they want. Perhaps the people will be less astonished when they, in turn, have to pay!

LIFE INSURANCE.

The Arlington Mutual

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF VIRGINIA.

A VIRGINIA AND SOUTHERN INSTITUTION. ITS FUNDS ARE KEPT IN THE SOUTH. IT HAS MET WITH UNPRECEDENTED SUCCESS. ITS FORTUNES ARE ESTABLISHED BEYOND ANY CONTINGENCY.

The Company has capital and assets, against its liability, that will compare favorably with any Life Insurance Company on the continent, which is the true test of responsibility.

Its affairs are cautiously administered by selected Directors, of responsibility and business capacity.

It has established its claim to Southern Patronage.

OFFICERS:

PRESIDENT,

JOHN E. EDWARDS,

VICE PRESIDENT, Wm. B. Isaacs. SECRETARY, D. J. Hartsook.

MEDICAL EXAMINER,

CHARLES H. SMITH, M. D.

LEGAL ADVISER, H. C. Cabell. GENERAL AGENT, Jno. H. Claiborne

DIRECTORS:

John Enders, William F. Taylor, Samuel S. Cottrell, John Dodez, Charles T. Wortham, William Wills, Jr., Ed. A. Smith, Thos. J. Evans, James A. Scott, H. M. Quarles, W. H. Tyler, J. E. Edwards, A. V. Stokes, J. F. Morton, R. H. Dibrell, William H. Palmer, Henry K. Ellyson, Asa Snyder, H. E. C. Baskerville, Samuel C. Tardy, George Jacobs, J. W. Allison, George S. Palmer, A. D. Chockley, R. C. Cabell, D. J. Hartsook, John C. Williams, William G. Taylor, A. P. Abell, W. B. Isaacs, George L. Ridgood, Samuel M. Price.

LEWIS C. HANES, Ag't. Lexington, N. C.

Jan 28-146-tf

DRY GOODS.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!!

ALL COME TO

CREECH'S!!!

SECOND GRAND OPENING OF FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

I AM NOW RECEIVING MY SECOND STOCK of Staple and Fancy

DRY GOODS.

My stock is LARGE and COMPLETE, and bought since the decline, and I am happy to say to my friends and customers that I can, and will, sell them Goods CHEAPER than they have bought them since the war.

Keep it Before the People,

That no House in the City can or will sell Goods cheaper than I will.

My House is a live House, and I do a LIVE BUSINESS.

COME TO CREECH'S

To buy your Goods.

I buy NEW Goods and GOOD STYLES, and will sell them at PRICES to meet the hard times. Just received,

40 Cases Boots and Shoes,

And will be sold at prices to suit you.

Don't Forget to Come to Creech's

Before you buy your Goods. I will treat you right.

A. CREECH,

R. Smith's corner, Fayetteville St.

Nov. 28—97-tf

LOOK OUT FOR BARGAINS,

AT

S. H. & W. J. YOUNG'S!

YOU MAY FIND

NEW GOODS

Just Received at LOW PRICES.

Our friends shall have Goods as cheap as they can be bought at any other House.

BARGAINS WILL BE GIVEN!

SUCH AS PRINTS AT 12½ TO 15;

And all DRESS GOODS in proportion

A good stock of Goods for Boys and Men; N. C. CASSIMERES and JEANS, &c.,

At the old stand of

S. H. YOUNG.

Nov. 27—96-tf

Will be Sold Without Reserve!

AT

M. ROSENBAUM'S,

HIS ENTIRE STOCK OF GOODS,

One of the finest now in the State, consisting, in part, of

FANCY AND STAPLE

DRY GOODS,

SHAWLS, FURS, CLOAKS, WOOLEN GOODS, LADIES', MISSES', AND CHILDREN'S SHOES, HOSIERY, GLOVES, ETC., ETC.

ALSO,

200 OVERCOATS

OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.

175 FINE BLACK DRESS COATS.

150 ASSORTED BEAVER, TRICOT, AND CASSIMERE BUSINESS SUITS.

300 PAIRS ASSORTED PANTS.

GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS,

GENTS AND BOYS HATS AND CAPS,

BOOTS AND SHOES

of every description.

Traveling Bags, Valises and Trunks.

All of the above to be sold regardless of cost at

M. ROSENBAUM'S,

No. 16 Fayetteville St.

Jan 14-135-tf

GEO. SLOMAN, WITH M. ROSENBAUM, pays the highest price for FURS OF ALL KINDS.

Jan 14-139-tf

LIFE INSURANCE.

ASSETS

$17,000,000,00.

WITH AN INCOME OVER

6,500,000.00,

SURPLUS ASSETS, BEYOND LIABILITIES, OVER

6,000,000.00.

THE CONNECTICUT MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT, was organized in 1846, and now has over

55,000 Policies

in force, being a larger number than any other Company in the world.

Its Net Assets are Larger than any other Company.

Dividends have averaged over fifty per cent. and a credit of one-half the premium is given, which, in case of death, is canceled by anticipated dividends.

The interest received, during the past ten years, has more than paid its losses.

Great care in the selection of risks;

Low rates of mortality;

Extremely low ratio of expenses to receipts;

Immense income for interest, and

Consequent large dividends, reduce assurance to its lowest possible cost.

All Policies Non-Forfeitable by their Terms,

and no extra charge made, except only where the risk is extra hazardous.

No notes are required after the fourth year—Dividends paying half the premium thereafter.

No Deduction of Notes—No Assessment.

Assurance can be effected in all the forms desired.

☞ Any person seeking the safest and most ECONOMICAL PLAN should not fail to compare other companies presented in this State, with the *Connecticut Mutual*, as published in the reports of the insurance Commissioners of New York and Massachusetts.

SAM'L. DOUGLAS WAIT, General Agent N. C.

Dec. 28-tf Raleigh.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The Best Blood Purifier in the WORLD.

DR. LAWRENCE'S

CELEBRATED

ROSADALIS,

FOR THE CURE OF

SCROFULA, IN ALL ITS FORMS,

SUCH AS

CONSUMPTION IN ITS EARLY STAGES, ENLARGEMENT AND ULCERATION OF THE GLANDS, JOINTS, BONES, LIVER, KIDNEYS, &c.; RHEUMATISM, WHITE SWELLING, MERCURIAL AFFECTIONS, SORE EYES, OLD SORES, DISEASES PECULIAR TO FEMALES, ERUPTIONS OF THE SKIN, GENERAL BAD HEALTH,

AND ALL OTHER DISEASES CAUSED

By an Impure State of the Blood.

The following, among various hundreds of our best citizens, testify to its wonderful efficacy.

Home Certificates from Physicians.

We know Dr. Lawrence's Rosadalis to be a safe and RELIABLE Alterative, &c., and take pleasure in recommending it to the profession and the public.

A. D. MOORE, M. D.,
L. A. SMITH, M. D.,
J. H. WINSTEAD, M. D.,
E. BARHAM, M. D.,
W. A. DUGGAN, M. D.,
E. BARNES, M. D.,
R. W. KING, M. D.,
S. WOODARD, M. D.,
W. T. BREWER, M. D.

January 7th, 1868.

I hereby certify that I am personally acquainted with the above named Physicians, and they are all gentlemen of respectability and standing in this community.

T. C. DAVIS, Mayor of Wilson, N. C.

☞ The ROSADALIS thoroughly eradicates every kind of humor and bad taint, and restores the entire system to a healthy condition.

☞ IT IS PERFECTLY HARMLESS, never producing the slightest injury.

☞ It is not a Secret Quack Remedy. The articles of which it is made are published around each bottle, and it is used and endorsed by the Leading Physicians everywhere it is known.

PREPARED ONLY BY

J. J. LAWRENCE, M. D., Chemist,

BALTIMORE, Md.,

(Late of Wilson, North Carolina.)

PRICE, $1.50 PER BOTTLE.

☞ Sold WHOLESALE by all the principal WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS, in all the large cities of the United States and British America, and retail by Druggists everywhere.

All letters of inquiry, &c., promptly answered. Address

DR. J. J. Lawrence,

Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer

29 Hanover Street, Baltimore, Md.

Jan 31-148-1y

MISCELLANEOUS.

WESTBROOK & CO.

PROPRIETORS OF THE

WESTBROOK NURSERIES,

GREENSBORO, N. C.

KEEP constantly on hand, during the planting season, a splendid lot of

CHOICE FRIUT TREES AND GRAPE VINES

which they offer very low, for cash, or good produce.

NURSERY STORE, on Washington Street, where patrons will receive prompt attention, until the 1st. of April.

Send stamp for Catalogue, and Wholesale Price List of Grape Vines.

Address,

WESTBROOK & CO.

Box 66, Greensboro, N. C.

Jan 27-143-3m

APPLE BUTTER!

500 LBS. CHOICE N. C. *APPLE BUTTER*, in Kits, received this day.

Jan 25-124-tf W. H. JONES & CO.

GEO. L. TONNOFFSKI,

Grocer & Commission Merchant,

No. 31, FAYETTEVILLE ST.,

(NEAR TUCKER HALL,)

KEEPS constantly on hand a well selected Stock of choice

Groceries, Confections, Fine Wines, Ales, Liquors, Cigars, &c.

Consignments solicited. Prompt returns made. Liberal advances given. Commissions light.

Jan 29-148-tf

YOUNG'S

BOARDING HOUSE,

NEAR THE YARBOROUGH HOUSE,

FAYETTEVILLE STREET,

RALEIGH, N. C.

Board per Day $2.00.

Liberal deductions made on board by the week or month.

Rooms large, comfortable and well furnished. Fare good.

Jan 19-139-tf

LIFE INSURANCE.

THE EQUITABLE

LIFE ASSURANCE

SOCIETY,

OF NEW YORK.

ASSETS OVER

$4,000,000.

ANNUAL INCOME

$2,500,000.

DIVIDENDS PAID TO POLICY HOLDERS, (NOT STOCKHOLDERS,) THIS YEAR OVER $600,000.

PURELY MUTUAL.

PROFITS DIVIDED ANNUALLY AMONG

POLICY HOLDERS.

THE EQUITABLE has grown more rapidly, since its organization, than any Life Insurance Company ever organized in America.

Its policies average larger in amount, than those of any other Company in the United States.

Applications for Agencies in North Carolina must be addressed to the General Agents.

MAJ. M. P. TAYLOR, Ag't, Wilmington.
DISOWAY & GUION, " Newbern.
OBREN WILLIAMS, " Tarboro'.
BURDANE & GALLAGHER, Agents, Washington.
BRENIZER, KELLOGG & Co. " Greensboro'.
E. NYE HUTCHISON & Co. " Salisbury.
HUTCHISON, BURROUGHS & CO., Charlotte N. C.,

Jan. 11—131-tf General Agents for N. C.

CLOTHING HOUSE.

R. B. ANDREWS & CO.

Invite attention to their

FALL AND WINTER STOCK

OF

Gentlemen's, Youth's and Boys'

CLOTHING

AND

FURNISHING GOODS.

20 Fayetteville St., opposite Tucker Hall,

RALEIGH, N. C.

Nov. 13—84-tf

JUST RECEIVED.

FINE BLACK DRESS SUITS.

MADE FROM SUPERIOR FRENCH CLOTHS, Cut, Trimmed and made as well as the best Merchant Tailor's ordered work, at a saving of from FIFTEEN to TWENTY DOLLARS a suit.—worth saving in these times.

FINE CLOTH SACKS,

FINE BEAVER SACKS,

Silk-Mixed Business Suits,

gotten up in our best style, at prices to suit the times.

A fine variety of FINE DRESS SHIRTS always on hand, at

R. B. ANDREWS & CO'S,

Gents' Furnishing Store,

Oct. 16—69-tf Opposite Tucker Hall

HATS! HATS! HATS!

All the latest styles can be found at

R. B. ANDREWS & CO'S

Gent's Outfitting Rooms,

Nov. 15—84-tf Opposite Tucker Hall.

JUST RECEIVED

SOLE LEATHER TRUNKS,

SOLE LEATHER VALISES,

MOROCCO AND LEATHER TRAVELING BAGS, in great variety,

At R. B. ANDREWS & Co's

Gent's Furnishing Rooms,

Nov. 13—84-tf Opposite Tucker Hall.

MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR THE FALL TRADE.

Just received, a lot of ROCK ISLAND CASSIMERES AND JEANS, (North Carolina manufacture.)

Also, a small lot PRINTS, 4-4 Brown SHEETINGS, WHITE FLANNEL, &c.

Aug. 31—21-tf S. H. & W. J. YOUNG.

P. F. PESCUD,

GENERAL INSURANCE AGENT,

HAS REMOVED his office to his former Drug Store, where he will receive applications and issue Policies of Insurance against loss by Fire, at the lowest remunerative rates, in the following first-class Companies, viz:

Phœnix, of Hartford,
Atlantic, of Brooklyn,
Security, of New York,
Putnam, of Hartford,
Home, of New Haven,
Valley of Virginia, Winchester,
Jefferson, of Virginia, and
The Underwriter's, Selma, Ala.

Their combined Capital and Assets exceeding $5,500,000.

LOSSES PROMPTLY ADJUSTED AND PAID.

Dec. 14—110-tf P. F. PESCUD, Ins. Agent.

GUILFORD LAND AGENCY OF NORTH CAROLINA.

LANDHOLDERS WHO WISH TO SELL

Agricultural or Mineral Lands, Water Powers, Mills, Town Lots, or Real Estate

of any kind, will find it to their advantage to place their property in our hands for sale.

We have great facilities for procuring purchasers for all such property.

For information, address

JNO. B. GRETTER, General Agent, Greensboro', N. C.

Or PHIL THIEM, Agent, Raleigh, N. C.

Oct. 31—73-1

PROSPECTUS OF THE

WESTERN VINDICATOR.

ON or before the 1st. of March, prox. the undersigned will commence the publication of a weekly newspaper bearing the above title, in the town of Rutherfordton, N. C.

The WESTERN VINDICATOR, as its name signifies, will be devoted to the support of Western interests and the dissemination of useful intelligence, selected with especial reference to the wants of the section it will labor to represent.

Politically, it will, for the present, adhere to no party organization; but will give a cheerful support to all measures looking to the speedy restoration of the Union—the preservation of the Constitution intact—the supremacy of the white race and the perpetuity of Republican liberty in America.

The "Vindicator" will have a larger circulation in Rutherford, Polk and Cleaveland counties than any other newspaper. *Advertising rates low.* Terms $2 per annum.

R. A. SHOTWELL,

Feb 8-155-tf Rutherfordton, N. C.

☞ Gentlemen of the Press will confer a favor by noticing, and putting us upon their exchange lists at once.

1868. 1868.

NEW ARRANGEMENT

FOR THE

/SENTINEL.

Published in the City of Raleigh, N. C.,

Daily, Semi Weekly and Weekly.

William E. Pell, } Editors.
Seaton Gales, }

In view of the scarcity of money, and the severity of the times, the Proprietor of the SENTINEL has determined to reduce the terms of the paper, to commence after the 31st. DECEMBER, next, and to make such improvements in its general character as will commend it to the patronage of an enlightened public.

In POLITICS it will be thoroughly Conservative, advocating, at all times:

A strict observance of the Constitution of the United States, and the harmonious Union of equal States;

Obedience to law and the enforcement of order;

The supremacy of the civil over the military, in time of peace;

The equality of the three co-ordinate branches of the government;

The sovereignty of the States over their own internal affairs, in strict conformity to the Constitution;

The maintenance of freedom and justice to all, without distinction of color, but the supremacy of the white race as the governing class;

Opposition to Radicalism in all its phases.

As a NEWS journal, it shall be equal to any.

The principal markets will be regularly published.

Its LITERARY character shall be maintained and improved, by contributions from our best writers.

Finally, the SENTINEL will seek to be the special promoter of the educational, moral and economical interests of the people of North Carolina.

Terms:

Daily Sentinel, for one year	$8 00
" " six months	4 00
" " three months	2 00
Semi-Weekly Sentinel, for one year	4 00
" " six months	2 00
" " three months	1 00
Weekly " for one year	2 00
" " six months	1 00

All subscriptions strictly cash in advance

As an advertising medium, the SENTINEL is equal to any in the State. Terms moderate.

☞ We ask every Conservative in the State to become our Agent to extend the circulation of the SENTINEL. The events of 1868 will be exciting and important. The WEEKLY SENTINEL should be in the hands of the great body of the people—The terms are now so low that every one will be able to pay for it.

W. E. PELL,

Raleigh, Dec. 28th., 1868. Proprietor

BALTIMORE ADVERTISENTS.

POOLE & HUNT,

Baltimore,

MANUFACTURERS OF

PORTABLE AND STATIONARY

Steam Engines and Boilers,

STEAM FIRE ENGINES,

LEFFEL'S PATENT AMERICAN DOUBLE TURBINE WATER-WHEEL, SAW MILLS, MINING MACHINERY, PORTABLE GRIST MILLS,

ROBERTS' BURR REGULATOR,

Flouring Mill Machinery, Shafting, Pulleys and Hangers.

mar 29-198

COLLINS & HEATH,

22 LIGHT STREET, BALTIMORE, Md.

"OLD MARYLAND WORKS."

Plumbing,	Mount Vernon Cook Stove,
Sheet Lead,	Patapsco Cook,
Lead Pipe,	Roger Williams's, Universe Cook,
Iron Pipe,	Beebe Range,
Terra Cotta Pipe,	European Range,
Brass Cocks,	Magee Range,
Plated Cocks,	Spence Range,
Iron, Lead and Zinc Bath Tubs,	Emerald Range,
Tin Bath Tubs with Heaters,	Hayward, Bartlett & Co's Portable Furnaces,
Water Closets,	Magee Furnaces Portable and Brick,
Iron and China Basins,	Parlor, Church and Stoves in great variety,
Hydrants,	All the different styles of Grates,
Pumps,	Hook Up and Portable Grates, &c.
Rams, Fountains,	
Water Wheels,	
Garden Vases,	
Water-Coolers,	
Refrigerators, &c.	

Which will be sold as low as can be had in the city.

April 8-206-1y

FAMILY FLOUR!

A SUPERIOR QUALITY JUST IN AND FOR sale by

Jan 21-138-1w LYNN ADAMS.

Important Order from Gen. Canby.

HEADQ'RS 2D MILITARY DISTRICT, CHARLESTON, S. C., Dec. 31, 1867.

General Orders No. 168.

I Paragraph II of General Orders No. 10, from the Headquarters of the Second Military District, dated April 11, 1867, is modified as follows:

SUITS FOR DEBTS.

Judgments or decrees for the payment of money on causes of action arising in North Carolina between the 20th of May, 1861, and the 20th day of April, 1865, and in South Carolina between the 19th day of December, 1860, and the 28th day of April 1865, shall not be enforced, by execution, against the person or property of the defendant. Proceedings for such causes of action now pending, shall be stayed, and no suit or process shall be instituted or commenced on such causes of action until after the civil government, of the respective States shall be established in accordance with the laws of the United States.

Paragraph III of the same order is modified as follows:

EXECUTIONS

Sheriffs, coroners and constables are hereby directed to suspend the sale of all property upon execution, or process under any judgment or decree of a court of the so-called Confederate States, or of the State of North Carolina, rendered between the 20th. day of May, 1861, and the organization of the provisional government of said State, under the President's proclamation of the 29th. day of April, 1865, or of the State of South Carolina, rendered between the 19th. day of December 1860, and the organization of the provisional government of the said State, under the President's proclamation of the 30th. day of June, 1865, unless the written consent of the defendant be entered of record, and except in cases where the plaintiff or his attorney, upon oath, supported by corroborative testimony, shall allege that the defendant is disposing of, removing, or about to remove, his property beyond the jurisdiction of the court, with intent to defraud his creditors; *provided*, that no such judgment, so rendered, within the periods aforesaid, shall be a bar to the commencement, in a State court, of a new suit upon the same cause of action in any case in which, by law, the defendant may remove or appeal the same to a court of the United States.

FORECLOSURE OF MORTGAGE.

The sale of real or personal property, by foreclosure of mortgage, is likewise suspended in the cases embraced in paragraphs II and III, of said order No. 10 as above amended, except in cases where interest money accruing subsequent to the 20th of April, 1865, shall not have been paid before the day of sale, and all previous restrictions on such sales are revoked.

Paragraph IV of the same order is modified by substituting the 20th. day of April, 1865, for the 18th. day of May, 1865.

Paragraph V of the same order is modified as follows:

SUITS ON NEGRO DEBTS.

All proceedings for the recovery of money on contracts, whether under seal or by parol, the consideration of which was the purchase of slaves, made subsequent to the 1st. day of January, 1865, are suspended. Judgments or decrees entered for such causes of action shall not be enforced.

Paragraph VII of the same order is modified as follows:

HOMESTEADS.

In all sales of property under execution or by order of any Court, there shall be reserved out of the property of any defendant who has a family dependent upon his or her labor, a dwelling house and appurtenances, and (if in the country) twenty acres of land, or so much thereof that the whole shall not exceed in value the sum of two thousand dollars, and in a town or city, the immediate lot upon which such dwelling house is situated; and necessary articles of furniture, apparel, subsistence and implements of husbandry, trade, or other employment, to the value of five hundred dollars. The homestead exemption shall inure only to the benefit of families. In other cases the exemption shall extend only to clothing and implements of trade or employment usually followed by the defendant, of the value of two hundred dollars. The exemptions hereby made shall not be waived or defeated by the act of any defendant who has a family dependent upon him or her for support, and the exempted property shall be ascertained and defined by the Sheriff or other officer enforcing the execution, who shall call to his aid two impartial citizens to make the necessary appraisement, and shall make report thereof to the Court.

ARREST FOR FRAUDULENT DEBTS.

Paragraph X is hereby modified so as to authorize arrest in civil actions *ex contractu* only in cases where the demand is past due, and the defendant has been guilty of a fraud in contracting the debt sued for, or has removed or disposed of his property, or is about to do so, with intent to defraud his creditors, or is about to leave the State with such intent.

EXECUTORS AND TRUSTEES.

Paragraph XVI, is amended by adding thereto: All proceedings in any court of North Carolina, or South Carolina, recognizing or sanctioning the investment of the funds of minor heirs, or of females, or of insane persons, in the securities of the late rebel government, or the securities of the States of North Carolina or South Carolina, created for the purpose of carrying on war against the Government of the United States, will be suspended until the question of the validity of such investments shall have been determined by the courts of the United States, or by national legislation. And nothing in the provisions of this order, or of the order No. 10 above cited, shall be held to bar or hinder the recovery, by suit, of the estate of any minor heir, female or insane person, (*cestui que trust*), whether in the hands of executors, administrators, trustees, guardians, masters or clerks of equity courts, and other fiduciary agents, or invested by them in their fiduciary character.

DISTILLERIES.

II. General Order 25, of May 20, 1867, is revoked; and on and after the first day of January, 1868, the distillation of spirituous liquors in this Military District will be subject to such restrictions only as are imposed by the laws of the United States and of the States of North and South Carolina, respectively.

BAR ROOMS.

III. Paragraphs VI and VII of General Orders No. 32, dated May 30, 1867, are revoked, and the power to grant licenses for the sale of spirituous or intoxicating liquors is remitted to the proper local authories, to take effect on and after the 1st. day of January, 1868, and to be subject to the following conditions:

1. The municipal authorities granting the license shall be answerable that the parties to whom such licenses are granted, together with their sureties, shall be responsible persons and of good moral standing in the community, and that both principal and sureties shall be able to qualify individually in double the amount of the bond required, and that the bond shall be a lien upon the personal property of both principal and sureties, and upon proof of default shall warrant the summary seizure and sale of so much of the property of either or both as may be necessary to satisfy the forfeiture or fine and costs.

2. Drunkenness or disorderly conduct on the premises shall work the forfeiture of the license and of the penalty of the bond.

3. The owner or keeper of any bar-room, saloon or other place at which intoxicating liquors are sold, and all other persons interested or connected therewith, shall be regarded as principals in any action of damages growing out of any assault, riot, affray or other disorder occurring on the premises, or directly traceable thereto.

4. All bar-rooms, saloons or other places at which intoxicating liquors are sold, shall be closed on the day or days of any general or local election, and for the twelve hours next preceding the opening and next succeeding the closing of the polls at such election; and the sheriffs of counties and districts and the chief of police of cities and towns shall have power to direct the closing of bar-rooms and other places for the sale of intoxicating liquors, whenever it may be necessary in their judgment to preserve order and quiet.

5. The proceeds of all licenses, forfeitures and fines, under the local regulations or under the provisions of military orders, will be devoted to the support of the poor, and as soon as realized will be turned over to the Commissioners or Overseers of the poor of the District County, City or Town in which they are accrued, and the Commissioners or Overseers will at the end of each month report to the Provost Marshal-General of the District the amount received by them during the month specifying the name of the parties from whom it was received.

6. The penalties imposed by this order or by the local police regulations, may be enforced in any civil or military Court, and upon conviction the Court may award to the informer a sum not exceeding fifty per cent. of the forfeiture or fine. And it is made the duty of all Sheriffs, Constables, and Coroners of Counties and Districts, and the police of cities and towns, to be vigilant in the enforcement of the police regulations and the provisions of this order in relation to the sale of intoxicating liquors.

The provisions of this paragraph will be held to apply to such licenses granted under General Orders No. 32 to inn-keepers, as remain unexpired after the first of January, 1868.

DISTRICT COURTS.

IV. To promote the speedy trial of persons confined in military prisons, and diminish the cost of their maintenance, all committing magistrates will, on the 15th. and last days of each month, report to the judge of their county or District Court all commitments made by them during the preceding half month, specifying the date of commitments, the names of the prisoners, and the offences for which they were committed, to the end that the judges may, whenever in their opinion the number of prisoners or other considerations of public interest call for it, hold special terms of their courts, for the purpose of disposing of such cases. The additional expense of holding such special terms will be a charge upon the State Treasury, and the accounts therefor will be audited and paid as accounts of a similar character are now audited and paid, and if the salaries now paid the judges should be inadequate in view of the additional labor performed by them, a reasonable addition, upon proper representations through the Governor of the State, will be allowed.

PILOTAGE.

V. The pilotage regulations now existing in the States of North and South Carolina are so far modified that, on and after the first day of March, 1868, all passenger steam vessels, regulated by the laws of the United States, and carrying a pilot commissioned by United States Commissioners, shall be exempt from the compulsory payment of pilotage.

NORTH CAROLINA POLL TAX.

VI. So much of the act of the General Assembly of the State of North Carolina, entitled "An act to raise monies," ratified on the 26th. day of February, 1867, as makes it "the duty of all persons and corporations to list and pay the [poll] tax of such persons liable to the same, as are in their employment, on the 1st. day of April of each year, as laborers," is rescinded, and hereafter all individual taxes will be assessed directly upon and collected directly from the individuals from whom they are due; *provided*, that the provisions of this order shall not apply to the taxes levied for the current year, except that double poll tax shall not be enforced if the original tax be paid on or before the 1st. day of March, 1868.

By command of Brevet Major General Ed. R. S. CANBY.

LOUIS V. CAZIARC,
Aid-de-Camp, Act'g Ass't Adj't-Gen'l.

OFFICIAL: LOUIS V. CAZIARC, A. D. C. A. A. G.

MISCELLANEOUS.

JAMES H. ENNISS,

BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,

(TURNER'S OLD STAND)

Raleigh, N. C.,

Will supply any order for any Book or Music, at Publisher's lowest cash prices.

☞ Has the largest stock of BOOKS, STATIONERY, MUSIC etc., for sale in the State.

☞ BLANK BOOKS and BINDING done to order.

Dec. 31—123-tf

A CHANCE TO HAVE YOUR OLD FURNITURE REPAIRED AND RENOVATED.

HAVING OBTAINED THE SERVICES OF A No. 1 Upholsterer, we are prepared to do all kinds of UPHOLSTERING, with neatness and dispatch. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Old Mattresses renovated and made over

Furniture of all kinds repaired and varnished and re-upholstered, and any thing in our line made to order promptly.

W. H. MORRISS & CO.

April 29-224-tf 18 Fayetteville St.

STENCIL NAME PLATES,

FOR MARKING CLOTHING WITH INDELIBLE INK, AND FOR MARKING BOOKS, SHEET-MUSIC, &c.

Everybody should have one! No preparation is required on the cloth. It will not wash out. A prize for ladies! Send for circular and samples.

Plain styles 50cts., ornamental 75cts. Send on your orders

Address, R. P. HARRIS, SENTINEL OFFICE, Raleigh, N. C.

Salt! Salt!

8,000 SACKS OF SALT, DIRECT IMportation from Liverpool, for sale by

WILLARD BROS.,

27, 28 and 29 North Water St.,

Dec. 10—105-3m Wilmington.

A FARM IN EXCHANGE FOR A CITY RESIDENCE.

Will be Exchanged for a Residence in Raleigh,

A GOOD FARM OF 600 ACRES,

IN Franklin County, 5 miles from the R. & G. R. R. Handsome, healthy location. Has an orchard of 4,000 choice Fruit Trees, and a fine variety of Grapes.

The dwelling large and convenient—with all necessary out buildings. An excellent location for a Physician, or School.

Jan 29-148-tf W. H. JONES & CO.

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR.

1,000 LBS. No. 1, N. C. BUCKWHEAT Flour.

Just received.

Jan 25-142-tf W. H. JONES & CO.

SENTINEL OFFICE.

JOB PRINTING.

OUR FRIENDS IN THE CITY OR COUNTRY, desiring Sheriffs' Clerks or Constables' Blanks,

CARDS, BOOKS, PAMPHLETS,

or other printing, done, will please send in their orders.

They will be neatly executed and done promptly, and on the lowest terms.

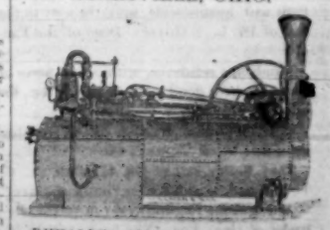
We expect soon to have our office supplied with the necessary material to execute the orders of our friends in every species of Job Printing.

Sept. 27—44 WM E. PELL, Proprietor.

MUSKINGUM VALLEY

PORTABLE ENGINE WORKS,

ZANESVILLE, OHIO.



DUVALLS' IMPROVED PORTABLE STEAM ENGINES AND CIRCULAR SAW MILLS. DEVALES' PREMIUM CORN MILLS AND IMPROVED FLOURING MILLS.

These Engines and Mills have received the first premium over all competitors. They afford the best, cheapest, and most economical power in use and excel in power any Engines made in the Union.

These Engines are fired and thoroughly tested before leaving the works, and are warranted in all respects perfect and ready for immediate use. They are warranted to cut more lumber with less hands and at less expense than any other in the Union.

For descriptions, price lists and other information address,

JOHN B. GRETTER,

Guilford Land Agency,

Greensboro' N. C.

June 26-271 Sole Agent for N. C.

DEMOREST'S YOUNG AMERICA, the best Juvenile Magazine. Every Boy and Girl that sees it says so; all the Press say so; and Parents and Teachers confirm it. Do not fail to secure a copy. A good Microscope, with a glass cylinder to confine living objects, or a good two bladed, pearl Pocket Knife, and a large number of other desirable articles, given as premiums to each subscriber. Yearly, $1 50. The November number commences a new volume. Published by

W. JENNINGS DEMOREST,

473 Broadway, New York.

TRY it, Boys and Girls. Specimen copies, two cents, mailed free.

Nov. 2—75-tf

DEMOREST'S MONTHLY MAGAZINE universally acknowledged the Model Fashion Magazine of America; devoted to Original Stories, Poems, Sketches, Architecture and Model Cottages, Household Matters, Gems of Thought, Personal and Literary Gossip (including special department on Ladies'), Instructions in Health, Music, Amusements, etc., by the best authors, and profusely illustrated with costly engravings (full size), useful and reliable Patterns, Embroideries, and a copious and successful series of artistic novelties, with other useful and entertaining features.

No person of refinement in the home—in the wife, or lady of the house can afford to do without the Model Monthly. Specimen copies, to enable such persons to see for themselves, sent free. Yearly, $3, with a valuable premium; two copies, $5 50; three copies $7 50; nine copies, $20, and splendid premiums for clubs of 25 each, with the first premiums to each subscriber.

☞ A new Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine for 20 subscribers at $3 each. Address,

W. JENNINGS DEMOREST,

No. 473 Broadway, New York.

Demorest's Monthly and Young America together $4, with the premiums for each.

Nov. 2—75-tf